



Web 2012-9

May 30, 2012

Dear Members & Rulebook Recipients:

The following Chapters have been amended:

<u>Chapter</u>	<u>Rule</u>	<u>Purpose</u>
2 Government	271.00., 272.00., 273.00.	To codify roles of the chief regulatory officer, chief compliance officer and chief risk officer.
7 Futures Options & Trading	718.01.	To update provisions regarding offset and transfer trades.
10 Sales "To Arrive" & "For Shipment"	1008.00.	To remove outdated language and add clarification.
18 Electronic Trading	1801.00.	To reflect best practices for the Exchange for financial obligations of clearing members.

You can view these changes by visiting the MGEX website at <http://www.mgex.com>:

1. On the top, go to "RESOURCES" and click "Rules and Regulations"
2. Click "Latest changes to MGEX RULES, REGULATIONS AND RESOLUTIONS"

If you have any questions or problems accessing the Rules and Regulations, please contact Jesse Marie Bartz at (612) 321-7122 or jbartz@mgex.com.

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in blue ink that reads "Layne G. Carlson". The signature is fluid and cursive, with a long horizontal stroke at the end.

Layne G. Carlson
Corporate Secretary

5-30-12

271.00. Chief Regulatory Officer
272.00. Chief Compliance Officer
273.00. Chief Risk Officer
275.00. Conflicts Of Interest

DEPARTMENTS

282.00. Clearing House
283.00. Department Of Audits And Investigations
290.00. Nonpublic Information - Improper Use Or Disclosure

- B. Monitor cash market activity to ensure orderly trading and efficient price discovery.
- C. Approve guidelines for reporting of cash market activity to appropriate agencies.

270.00. OTHER COMMITTEES, TASK FORCES AND PANELS.

The Board of Directors and the Executive Committee shall each have the authority to establish committees, task forces and panels as necessary for a duration not to extend past the next Annual Election. After election, the new Board of Directors and Executive Committee may re-authorize the committees, task forces and panels.

The composition, qualifications, method of appointment, duties and powers of such committees, task forces and panels shall be determined by the respective Board of Directors and Executive Committee.

Such committees, task forces and panels shall not determine the policies of the Corporation, expend funds or enter into contracts on behalf of the Corporation, or otherwise conduct activities outside the purpose for which they were established, unless such actions are approved by the Board of Directors.

271.00. CHIEF REGULATORY OFFICER.

The Exchange shall designate the individual to serve as the Chief Regulatory Officer who shall report to, consult with and provide information to the Regulatory Oversight Committee, and execute any other duties or responsibilities as required by CFTC Regulation 17 CFR Part 38, as amended.

272.00. CHIEF COMPLIANCE OFFICER.

The Exchange shall designate the individual to serve as the Chief Compliance Officer who shall report to the President and execute the duties and responsibilities required by CFTC Regulation 17 CFR Part 39, as amended.

273.00. CHIEF RISK OFFICER.

The Exchange shall designate the individual to serve as the Chief Risk Officer who shall implement the risk management framework of the Exchange, make recommendations regarding the Exchange's risk management functions, and execute any other duties or responsibilities required by CFTC Regulation 17 CFR Part 39, as amended.

275.00. CONFLICTS OF INTEREST.

A member of the Board of Directors and certain other Committees at the Exchange must abstain from deliberating and voting on matters when there is a potential personal or financial conflict of interest. This Rule describes how and when the conflict of interest will be determined. Additional and broader conflicts of interest provisions apply to the Business Conduct Committee and the Futures Trading Conduct Committee. (See [Rules 264.01.](#) and [265.01.](#))

- A. Definitions. For purposes of this Rule the following definitions shall apply:

1. The term “family relationship” of a person shall mean the person’s spouse, former spouse, parent, stepparent, child, stepchild, sibling, stepbrother, stepsister, grandparent, grandchild, uncle, aunt, nephew, niece, or in-law.
2. The term “governing board” shall mean the Board of Directors, Committees of the Board of Directors and Committees of the Corporation authorized to take action or to recommend the taking of action on behalf of the Exchange.
3. The term “member’s affiliated firm” shall mean a firm in which the member is an employee or a “principal,” as defined in CFTC Regulation 3.1(a).
4. The term “named party in interest” shall mean a person or entity that is identified by name as a primary subject of any material matter being considered by a governing board.
5. The term “significant action” shall mean any of the following types of actions or rule changes that are implemented without the Commission’s prior approval:
 - a. Any actions or rule changes which address an “emergency” as defined in CFTC Regulation 1.41(a)(4)(i) through (iv) and (vi) through (viii); and,
 - b. Any changes in margin levels that are designed to respond to extraordinary market conditions such as an actual or attempted corner, squeeze, congestion or undue concentration of positions, or that otherwise are likely to have a substantial effect on prices in any contract traded at the Exchange; but shall not include any rule not submitted for prior CFTC approval because such rule is unrelated to the terms and conditions of any contract traded at the Exchange.

B. Named Party in Interest Conflict

1. Prohibition. No member of a governing board shall knowingly participate in such body’s deliberations or voting in any matter involving a named party in interest where such member: (a) is a named party in interest; (b) is an employer, employee or fellow employee of a named party in interest; (c) is associated with a named party in interest through a broker association; (d) has a family relationship with a named party in interest; or, (e) has any other significant, ongoing business relationship with a named party in interest, excluding relationships limited to executing futures or option transactions opposite each other or to clearing

futures or options transactions through the same Clearing Member.

If the member's only relationship with a named party in interest is through a broker association not established for the purpose of sharing profits and losses as described by **Regulation 2065.00.A.3**, then the prohibition shall not apply. Furthermore, if a named party in interest is one or part of a group of similar persons or entities that is the subject for general deliberation and voting, such as approval for regularity or membership, and there is no material issue of dispute involving a named party in interest, then the prohibition shall not apply.

2. Disclosure. Prior to consideration of any matter involving a named party in interest, each member of the deliberating body who does not choose to abstain from deliberations and voting shall disclose to the Department of Audits and Investigations whether such member has one of the relationships listed in paragraph B.1. of this Rule with a named party in interest.
3. Procedure and Determination. Exchange staff shall determine whether any member of the deliberating body is subject to a conflicts restriction under this paragraph B. Such determination shall be based upon a review of the following information:
 - a. information provided by the member pursuant to paragraph B.2. above, and
 - b. any other source of information that is held by and reasonably available to the Exchange.

C. Financial Interest in a Significant Action Conflict

1. Prohibition. No member of a governing board shall participate in such body's deliberations and voting on any significant action if such member knowingly has a direct and substantial financial interest in the result of the vote based upon either Exchange or non-Exchange positions that could reasonably be expected to be affected by the significant action under consideration, as determined pursuant to this Rule.
2. Disclosure. Prior to consideration of any significant action, each member of the deliberating body who does not choose to abstain from deliberations and voting shall disclose to the Department of Audits and Investigations position information that is known to such member, with respect to any particular month or months that are under consideration, and any other positions which the deliberating body reasonably expects could be affected by the significant action, as follows:

- a. gross positions held at the Exchange in the member's personal accounts or "controlled accounts," as defined in CFTC Regulation 1.3(j);
 - b. gross positions held at the Exchange in proprietary accounts, as defined in CFTC Regulation 1.17(b)(3), at the member's affiliated firm;
 - c. gross positions held at the Exchange in accounts in which the member is a principal, as defined in CFTC Regulation 3.1(a);
 - d. net positions held at the Exchange in "customer" accounts, as defined in CFTC Regulation 1.17(b)(2), at the member's affiliated firm; and
 - e. any other types of positions, whether maintained at the Exchange or elsewhere, held in the member's personal accounts or the proprietary accounts of the member's affiliated firm, that reasonably could be affected by the significant action.
3. Procedure and Determination. Exchange staff shall determine whether any member of the deliberating body is subject to a conflicts restriction under this paragraph C. based upon a review of the most recent large trader reports and clearing records available to the Exchange, information provided by the member with respect to positions pursuant to paragraph C.2. of this Rule, and any other source of information that is held by and reasonably available to the Exchange, taking into consideration the exigency of the significant action being contemplated.

D. Deliberation Exemption.

1. Any member of a governing board who would otherwise be required to abstain from deliberations and voting pursuant to paragraph C. hereof may participate in deliberations, but not voting, if the deliberating body, after considering the factors specified below, determines that such participation would be consistent with the public interest; provided, however, that before reaching any such determination the deliberating body shall fully consider the position information specified in paragraph C.2. and C.3. above, which is the basis for such member's substantial financial interest in the significant action that is being contemplated.
2. In making its determination, the deliberating body shall consider:
 - a. whether the member's participation in deliberations is necessary to achieve a quorum; and

- b. whether the member has unique or special expertise, knowledge or experience in the matter being considered.
 - 3. Voting Exemption. If at least one-half of the deliberating members cannot participate in voting consistent with this Rule, then every member who has been granted a deliberation exemption pursuant to this paragraph D. may participate in voting.
- E. Documentation. The minutes of any meeting to which the conflicts determination procedures set forth in this Rule apply, shall reflect the following information:
 - 1. the names of all members who attended the meeting in person or who otherwise were present by electronic means;
 - 2. the name of any member who voluntarily recused himself or herself or was required to abstain from deliberations and/or voting on a matter and the reason for the refusal or abstention, if stated;
 - 3. information on the position information that was reviewed for each member if applicable and available; and
 - 4. the name of any member who participated in voting pursuant to paragraph D.3. of this Rule.

282.00. CLEARING HOUSE.

There shall be established a Clearing House of the Grain Exchange, which shall supervise the clearing of Futures and Options Contracts made in this Market pursuant to the Rules and Regulations of the Corporation. The Clearing House shall be under the supervision of a Clearing House Committee.

283.00. DEPARTMENT OF AUDITS AND INVESTIGATIONS.

Under authority of **Rules 210.01., 216.01., 600.00., 602.00. and 616.00.**, there shall be established a Department of Audits and Investigations. No employee of such Department shall have any interest in the business of any Member or Member Firm.

This Department shall initiate and conduct investigations and audits on behalf of the President of the Exchange and/or the appropriate committee. Such investigations shall be initiated promptly after receipt of a complaint or other indication of possible Rule violations. On completion of the investigation an Investigation Report shall be prepared.

This report shall include the reason for initiating the investigation, a summary of the complaint, if any, and the Department's recommendations. This shall specify that the file be closed, or that a warning letter has been, or may be, issued (such a letter shall not constitute either a finding of a Rule violation or a penalty) or that the matter be referred to a committee for consideration.

290.00. NONPUBLIC INFORMATION - IMPROPER USE OR DISCLOSURE.

For purposes of this Rule, "material" and "non-public information" shall be defined by CFTC Regulation 1.59(a).

In accordance with CFTC Regulation 1.59(c), no Exchange officer, member of the Board of Directors or member of any committee shall use or disclose, for any purpose other than the performance of such person's official duties, material, non-public information obtained as a result of such person's office or participation on the Board of Directors or any committee.

CHAPTER 7 FUTURES AND OPTIONS TRADING

CLEARING HOUSE

- 700.00. Futures And Options Contracts: Clearing Of
- 701.00. Clearing House: Substitution Of
- 702.00. Clearing House: Substitutions For
- 703.00. Clearing House: Offsets
- 704.00. Give-Ups

FUTURES AND OPTIONS CONTRACTS

- 710.00. Futures Contracts: Commodities
- 711.00. Futures Contracts: Grades Deliverable
- 712.00. Futures And Options Contracts: Quantities Traded In
- 713.00. Futures And Options Contracts: Price Basis
- 714.00. Futures And Options Contracts: Time And Place For Making
- 715.00. Months Traded In
- 715.01. Trading In Delivery Month
- 717.00. Futures And Options Contracts: Acceptance Of Offers
- 718.00. "Transfer" Or "Office" Trades: Definitions
- 718.01. Offsets and Transfer Trades
- 719.00. Exchange Of Futures For, Or In Connection With, Physical And Risk Transactions

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- 725.00. Quotations Based On Trades
- 725.01. Reporting Of Trades
- 726.00. "FAST" Quotations
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TRADING - BIDS AND OFFERS

- 730.00. Prearranged Prices Prohibited
- 731.00. Bids And Offers Above Or Below Current Market
- 732.00. Fictitious Bids Or Offers Prohibited
- 733.00. Attempt To Upset Market Prohibited

CONFLICTS OF INTERESTS

- 740.00. Principal And Agent: Acting As Both Prohibited
- 741.00. Acting For Both Buyer And Seller Prohibited
- 742.00. Cross Trading - Handling Both Buying And Selling Orders
- 743.00. Accommodation Or Wash Trades Forbidden

717.00. FUTURES AND OPTIONS CONTRACTS: ACCEPTANCE OF OFFERS.

All offers to purchase or sell commodity futures or options in this market shall be open for immediate acceptance by any Member (but only in the name of a Clearing Member), and such offers shall not be restricted to or specified for any particular Member as against any other Member.

An offer to buy or sell any commodity for future delivery shall be deemed an offer to buy or sell all or any part of the quantity specified in the offer and shall be subject to total or partial acceptance up to the total quantity bid for or offered.

Offers to buy or sell commodities for future delivery in quantities equal to two or more contracts with a limitation requiring the party accepting such offer to accept the entire amount bid for or offered, shall not be allowed.

718.00. "TRANSFER" OR "OFFICE" TRADES: DEFINITIONS.

"Transfer" trades and "Office" trades shall be limited to the following transactions:

- A. Transactions made for the purpose of (1) transferring open Futures or Options Contracts from one account to another on the books of the same Clearing Member where no change in ownership is involved; or (2) transferring open Futures or Options Contracts from an account on the books of one Clearing Member to another Clearing Member where no change of ownership is involved; PROVIDED, however, that no such transfer shall be made after receipt from the Exchange of a delivery Notice on such contracts if such transfer is for the apparent purpose of avoiding delivery on such contract;
- B. Transactions consisting of the exchange or transfer of Futures Contracts in connection with cash commodity transactions or transactions consisting of the exchange of Futures for cash commodities.
- C. Transactions consisting of the exchange or transfer of Futures Contracts in connection with risk transactions or transactions consisting of the exchange of Futures for risks.

All records and memoranda pertaining to "Transfer" and "Office" trades shall be marked or identified by appropriate symbols or designations. All "Office" trades, where such trades remain on the books of one and the same Clearing Member and where no change in ownership is involved, may or may not be cleared at the discretion of the Clearing Member. All "Transfer" trades, which involve two Clearing Members in which no change of ownership is involved, shall be included and identified in daily reports to the Exchange. "Transfer" trades involving the transfer of a customer's positions and related collateral from an account on the books of one Clearing Member to another Clearing Member shall not require the close-out and re-booking of the positions prior to the requested transfer; PROVIDED, the following conditions are met: (1) The customer instructed the carrying Clearing Member to make the transfer, and (2) the receiving Clearing Member has consented to the transfer.

718.01. OFFSETS AND TRANSFER TRADES.

Except by same day trade activity, existing futures positions in a delivery month may not be offset during the period beginning two (2) business days prior to the delivery month and continuing through the end of the delivery month. Clearing Members will be responsible for compliance with this requirement by their omnibus accounts. This prohibition also applies to transfer trades where no change in ownership is involved when the date of execution or exercise of the position being

transferred is not the same as the transfer date. Such positions are required to be offset by trading. If such positions are carried on the books of different Clearing Members, the receiving Clearing Member is responsible for compliance with this Rule.

719.00. EXCHANGE OF FUTURES FOR, OR IN CONNECTION WITH, PHYSICAL AND RISK TRANSACTIONS.

A. Exchange for Physical Transaction

An exchange of futures for, or in connection with, a physical ("EFP") consists of a cash commodity transaction and a futures transaction.

B. Exchange for Risk Transaction

An exchange of futures for, or in connection with, a risk (an over-the counter (OTC) derivative or a swap agreement) ("EFR") consists of two separate, but related, transactions; a risk transaction and a futures transaction. At the time such transaction is effected, the buyer and the seller of the futures transaction must be the seller and the buyer of the risk transaction. The risk component shall involve the commodity underlying the futures contract (or any derivative, by-product or related product of such commodity). The quantity or economic value covered by the risk transaction must be approximately equivalent to or bear a relationship to the quantity or economic value covered by the futures contracts. The risk component of an EFR transaction must comply with Part 35 of Commission Regulations and the Commodity Exchange Act, as amended.

C. Each buyer and seller must satisfy the Department of Audits and Investigations, at its request, that the transaction is a bona fide EFP or EFR transaction. Upon request of the Department of Audits and Investigations, all documentary evidence relating to the EFP or EFR, including, but not limited to, contracts, confirmations, invoices, warehouse receipts, documents of title, a master swap agreement and any supplements thereto, or any other document that demonstrates the existence and nature of the over-the-counter or derivative transaction shall be obtained by the Clearing Members from the buyer or seller and submitted to the Department of Audits and Investigations.

D. An EFP or EFR may be made at such prices as are mutually agreed upon by the two parties to the transaction. If the price of an EFP cannot be mutually agreed upon by the date of shipment, the cash commodity buyer has the option to set the price within that day's trading range.

E. An EFP or EFR executed during trading hours of the underlying futures contract must be submitted the same day for clearing. An EFP or EFR executed after the close of trading of the underlying futures contract must be submitted for clearing no later than the next business day.

F. The futures contracts that may be exchanged for a physical or a risk transaction, and the last day and time for executing an EFP or EFR shall be determined by the Board of Directors.

(See [Resolution 719.00.](#))

PROVIDED, however, that if the fair market value of the commodity named, for the shipment or delivery specified in the contract, has advanced above the contract price by an amount greater than ten (10) percent from the contract price, Sellers may not require of Purchasers any deposit authorized by this Rule, and similarly if such market value has declined ten (10) percent from the contract price, Purchasers may not require any similar deposit from Sellers.

1007.00. DEPOSITS AS SECURITY: HOW MADE.

Such deposits shall be in the form of a certified or cashier's check payable to the party making the call and delivered to the Secretary of this Corporation to be held in escrow by him. The Secretary shall issue receipts in duplicate, not transferable, for all such deposits, and deliver one of such receipts to each party to the contract. Such receipts shall state by whom the deposit was made, for whose security it is held, the contract or contracts against which it is applicable, and that the deposit has been made and is returnable or applicable in accordance with the Rules of this Corporation, or decisions rendered pursuant thereto.

PROVIDED, however, that the depositor (in order to facilitate the return of a portion of the deposit as permitted by [Rule 1012.00.](#)) may at his option make the deposit in the form of two (2) checks, each for one half of the required deposit.

1008.00. DEPOSITS AS SECURITY: TIME OF.

Unless an appeal to the Board of Arbitration as to the amount of margins required has been taken (as provided in [Rule 1013.00.](#)), a party required to make a deposit of security shall have two (2) hours during regular banking business hours (Central Time), after receipt of the call for the deposit of security, within which time to make the required deposit.

1009.00. DEPOSITS AS SECURITY: APPLICATION OF.

All such deposits shall be held to have been given as security for the faithful fulfillment of any contract or contracts made or to be made between the parties; PROVIDED, however, that it may be prudent for either party to a contract to demand that the receipt shall express the particular contract in connection with which deposit has been made, and in such case the deposit shall be applicable only to that contract. Such deposit shall be applied or returned by the Secretary as directed by both parties or by a final decision of the Board of Arbitration.

1010.00. DEPOSITS AS SECURITY: FAILURE TO MAKE.

Any party who has failed, upon call, to make a deposit as required by [Rule 1008.00.](#) shall be deemed and held to have defaulted on the contract in connection with which it was called; and, in such case, the party who has called for such deposit shall thereupon have the right to buy or to sell (as the case may be) in the open market the undelivered portion due on such contract, or he may, by giving notice to the party in default, terminate the contract at the fair market price for the property, and the shipment or delivery specified in the contract at the time of the giving of such notice; and all differences between the contract price and the price at which the property has been bought or sold, or at which the contract has been terminated in consequence of such default, shall constitute the rule and measure of damages against the party in default. The party so buying or selling the undelivered balance, or so terminating the contract, may forthwith proceed against the party in default to collect or to enforce payment of all damages sustained by reason of such default.

CHAPTER 18 ELECTRONIC TRADING

1800.00. APPLICABILITY OF RULES AND REGULATIONS.

The Rules contained in this Chapter govern those Exchange contracts which are traded through the Electronic Trading System. To the extent that the provisions in this Chapter conflict with Rules and Regulations in other sections of this Rulebook, this Chapter supersedes such Rules and Regulations and governs the manner in which contracts are traded through the Electronic Trading System. Otherwise, contracts traded on the Electronic Trading System, as well as customers, Members, nonmembers and Clearing Members, are fully subject to applicable Rules, Regulations, Resolutions, Interpretations, customs and usages of the Exchange unless specifically and expressly excluded therefrom. Customers, Members, nonmembers and Clearing Members must also abide by the Commodity Exchange Act and the regulations promulgated thereunder, and any other applicable jurisdiction's laws, rules or regulations.

1801.00. ACCESS AND CLEARING MEMBER GUARANTEE.

All Members and nonmembers must sign a customer account agreement and establish an account with a Clearing Member before they are provided access and commence trading on the Electronic Trading System. However, Members or nonmembers who exclusively trade through an omnibus account with a Clearing Member will not be required to sign a customer account agreement with the Clearing Member. A Clearing Member guarantees and assumes all responsibilities, including, but not limited to, financial responsibilities, for all orders it places and receives, and all contracts it clears through the Electronic Trading System. Further, Clearing Members shall promptly pay all fees and charges invoiced for the Electronic Trading System.

1802.00. INTERNET SERVICES.

Customers, Members and Clearing Members are responsible for procuring their own Internet access providers. The Exchange does not warrant any order entry, quote or order execution speed.

1803.00. ELECTRONIC MAIL ACCOUNTS.

All Members and Clearing Members with access to the Electronic Trading System must maintain a valid electronic mail account. Each Member and Clearing Member is responsible for promptly viewing, and if required, responding to all electronic mail emanating from the Exchange or the Electronic Trading System provider.

1804.00. MISUSE OF ELECTRONIC TRADING SYSTEM.

Misuse of the Electronic Trading System is strictly prohibited. It shall be deemed an act detrimental to the interest and welfare of the Exchange to willfully or negligently engage in unauthorized use of the Electronic Trading System, to assist any person in obtaining unauthorized access to the Electronic Trading System, to trade on the Electronic Trading System without an agreement and an established account with a Clearing Member, to alter the equipment associated with the system, to interfere with the operation of the system, to intercept or interfere with information provided thereby, or in any way to use the system in a manner contrary to the rules, regulations and procedures of the Exchange.