



November 15, 2017

Web 2017-5

Dear MGEX Members & Rules and Regulations Book Recipients:

The following Chapter has been amended:

<u>Chapter</u>	<u>Citation</u>	<u>Purpose</u>
21- Clearing House Regulations	2105.00. 2106.00.	Updated to provide additional clarity and housekeeping.

You can view these changes by visiting the MGEX website at <http://www.mgex.com>:

1. On the top, go to "RESOURCES" and click "Rules and Regulations"
2. Click "Latest changes to MGEX RULES, REGULATIONS AND RESOLUTIONS"

If you have any questions or problems accessing the Rules and Regulations, please contact Jesse Marie B. Green at (612) 321-7122 or jgreen@mgex.com.

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in black ink that reads "Layne G. Carlson".

Layne G. Carlson, Corporate Secretary

CHAPTER 21
CLEARING HOUSE REGULATIONS

2100.00. REQUIREMENTS FOR CLEARING.

All Futures or Options transactions shall be submitted to the Clearing House to be cleared. Upon acceptance by the Clearing House of such transactions, the Exchange assumes the position of Buyer to the Seller and Seller to the Buyer in respect to such transactions, and the last settling price shall be considered as the contract price.

It shall be the duty of each Clearing Member initiating, accepting or executing a transaction for Futures or Options under MGEX Rules and Regulations to submit each such transaction using "TEMS" to the Clearing House. Transactions shall be submitted at times determined by the Exchange (see [Res. 2101.00.C.](#)). The transactions shall be in a format approved by the Exchange and shall contain, at a minimum, the following information:

- A. Date of transaction
- B. Clearing Member code (two-digit alpha as assigned by the Exchange)
- C. Type of account or origin (Regular (R) or Segregated (S))
- D. Customer type indicator (CTI) as defined below:
 - CTI 1. Transactions initiated and executed by an individual member for his own account, for an account he controls, or for an account in which he has ownership or financial interest.
 - CTI 2. Transactions executed for the proprietary account of a Clearing Member.
 - CTI 3. Transactions where an individual member or nonmember executes for the personal account of another individual member, for an account the other member controls or for an account in which the other individual member has ownership or financial interest.
 - CTI 4. Any transaction not meeting the definition of CTI 1, 2 or 3.
- E. Quantity, commodity, contract month or expiration month, price or premium, whether the transaction involved a put or a call, strike price, buy or sell.
- F. Both the buying and selling Market Participant's identifier (trader ID/Member mnemonic for electronic trades, Broker ID for open outcry trades) and the opposite Clearing Member's symbol.
- G. Transaction time to the minute.
- H. Indicators for the following types of transactions: (C) cash exchange;

(T) office transfer*; (S) spread; (D) delivery; (E) exercise; (R) risk exchange.

*For office transfers, open and close information for the position (open (O), close (C)) must be submitted.

- I. Account number and identification. (For initial set-up and new accounts, provide a listing of account name, type, and position. This information will be available to the President and designated MGEX personnel only.)
- J. Any other information required by the Clearing House.

The Clearing House shall match the trades as submitted and shall list for each Clearing Member its cleared trades and unmatched trades. A recapitulation statement shall be produced, showing updated contract positions and settling all matched trades to the official MGEX settling prices. After completion of the clearing process, the Exchange shall notify each Clearing Member as to the net pay or collect amounts due by account (Regular and/or Segregated). Such amounts shall be submitted by wire transfer of funds or other acceptable method. Amounts due to the Exchange shall be submitted at times determined by the Exchange (see [Res. 2101.00.C.](#)). All clearing statements shall be disseminated by the Exchange to each Clearing Member's designated contact.

If the report of a trade by a Market Participant does not correspond to the report of the other party to the trade, the Clearing House shall reject the trade and notify both Clearing Members showing the discrepancy of the reports. The Clearing Members must thereafter submit corrections to the Clearing House at times determined by the Exchange (see [Res. 2101.00.C.](#)).

It shall be the primary responsibility of the Clearing Member to see that all trades are resolved. Each Clearing Member shall designate a person or persons to be available and responsible for reconciling the Clearing Member's unmatched trades. Failure to have a qualified representative available shall constitute negligence in the determination of responsibility for any unmatched trades.

If a Clearing Member, or one of its affiliated entities, has access to the Federal Reserve discount window, it shall notify the Clearing House if such access has been suspended, revoked, removed, terminated, or otherwise limited in any way as soon as practicable.

2100.01. ELECTRONIC TRADING SYSTEM CLEARING.

In addition to compliance with the applicable Regulations in this Chapter, all transactions for Futures or Options traded on the Electronic Trading System shall be submitted to the Clearing House for clearing. Submission of the data shall be at times determined by and in a format approved by the Exchange.

Except for exchange for physical transactions and qualified transfer trades, only those trades entered, executed and matched by the Electronic Trading System shall be submitted for clearing.

Upon acceptance of the submitted trade data and completion of the clearing process, a recapitulation statement of all trades and positions shall be produced and sent to the respective Clearing Member's electronic mail account.

Each Clearing Member shall be responsible for receipt and review of the recapitulation statement.

The Exchange shall not be liable for the inability of a Clearing Member to receive a statement sent by the Exchange.

2100.02. CLEARING PRIVILEGES.

In order to clear trades at MGEX, a Clearing Member must be granted clearing privileges by the Exchange. The Exchange may revoke said clearing privileges for cause at any time.

Clearing privileges may be granted and retained only if and when the terms and conditions set forth below have been met:

- A. A Clearing Member must have completed and remain in compliance with the terms contained in the Application for Clearing Privileges and the Clearing Agreement.
- B. A Clearing Member must be in good financial standing and meet the minimum financial requirements as may be determined by the Exchange.
- C. A Clearing Member must have the personnel, and computer hardware and software to effectively communicate with MGEX and otherwise conduct the business of clearing in an efficient manner.
- D. A Clearing Member must be the Record Owner of one (1) or more Memberships which shall be pledged to MGEX. A pledged Membership shall mean the Exchange will have first claim to the proceeds of any sale of such Membership. This pledge shall have priority over any other claim or lien filed pursuant to Chapter 3 of the MGEX Rules and Regulations. At least one (1) Record Holder of such Memberships must be authorized by the Clearing Member to act or execute contracts on behalf of, and otherwise represent the interests of the Clearing Member. Furthermore, such Memberships shall not be included as part of the required security deposit with the Clearing House and shall not be used as value to meet the Clearing Member's margin requirements.
- E. If another Person(s) (individually or collectively known as the parent) owns or controls, directly or indirectly, twenty percent (20%) or more of a Clearing Member, the parent must guarantee the obligations of the Clearing Member's non-segregated accounts including those accounts held or controlled by the parent, whether or not such parent is a Member of MGEX. The Exchange shall determine whether a guarantee is adequate. This requirement may be waived at the discretion of the Exchange.

2101.00. FEES AND FINES - AMOUNTS AND COLLECTIONS.

The schedule of deadlines is subject to change at any time by the Exchange. The schedule of deadlines shall at all times be those requirements most recently adopted. The amount due for errors or any other fees charged or collected by the Exchange shall be billed on a monthly basis unless otherwise specified by the Exchange.

If the offense becomes frequent, the President or his designee may call for additional permanent margins or take such other action as is deemed necessary.

Any Member making an error in his daily statement to the Clearing House may be fined for each error made (see [Res. 2101.00.C.](#))

2101.01. CLEARING FEE.

Pursuant to the provisions of [Rule 231.00.](#) the Exchange has adopted this Regulation:

- A. The Exchange shall set clearing fees from time to time and shall make such fees publicly available. The Exchange may elect to waive or modify fees.
- B. Payment of the Clearing Fee will be due on receipt of invoice at the end of each month for the transactions (whether purchases, sales or deliveries) executed on the Exchange during that month. Payment is to be submitted to the Treasurer of the Corporation.

2102.00. MARGINS.

The Exchange shall set margin requirements at a level that it believes protects the interests of Buyers and Sellers and the Exchange. The Exchange shall accept, as margin, cash or United States Treasury securities. Cash margin requirements shall be submitted by wire transfer of funds or other acceptable method approved by the Exchange. Cash and United States Treasury securities shall be submitted at times determined and posted by the Exchange. United States Treasury securities shall be maintained in multiples of \$5,000. The Exchange shall value securities as it deems appropriate. The President or his designee may, at their discretion, require of any Member or market participant a margin upon any or all of such Member or market participant's open trades which are deemed unduly insecure or hazardous in such amount as deemed advisable. Calls for such margin shall be paid by the Clearing Member within one business day or earlier if so requested. Further, the Exchange shall collect daily intra-day variations from Clearing Members apart from, and in addition to, any margin or daily settlement variation payments and collects.

Margin requirements are subject to change at any time but shall at all times be those requirements most recently adopted, publicly posted, and in compliance with the requirements of CFTC Regulation 39.13(g)(8), as amended.

Clearing Members called for margins under this Regulation shall pay by the deadline announced by the Exchange. An extension of time for such payments can only be granted by the President or his designee. In such cases the extension of time so granted shall be noted on the written call, and copy of said call shall be kept in the files of the Exchange.

Should a Clearing Member fail to deposit balances for additional margin as required in this Regulation, or should the President or his designee deem the transaction of any Member or market participant unduly insecure or hazardous, the Exchange may direct that the Member or market participant close out all or a portion of the trades, or that the Member or market participant transfer all or a portion of the trades to the books of another Clearing Member, as the situation may require. If such requests are not complied with within one (1) hour, the Exchange may, with the consent of the President or his designee, originate orders to transfer or close out all or a portion of the Member or market participant's trades, as the situation may require. Any such action shall be taken with due consideration to the positions of customers.

All differences between the contract price reported and accepted and the price at which the property may be bought or sold as a consequence of a Member or market participant's failure to fulfill the

obligations as set forth in this Regulation shall constitute the rule and measure of damages against the Member or market participant so failing, and the differences shall be calculated, adjusted and settled within the time and in the manner and form determined by the Exchange.

Any financial obligations owed by a Clearing Member to the Exchange, which remain outstanding after all the Member or market participant's trades have been closed out, may be satisfied through the Member or market participant's security deposit with the Clearing House or such other assets, collateral or guarantees as necessary to satisfy the financial obligations.

2103.00. ORDER OF DELIVERY.

All balances of commodities for cash contract or cash delivery shall be made on the basis of the present Exchange Rule pertaining thereto. When deliveries are made, the oldest trades on the books shall be closed first.

2104.00. SECURITY DEPOSIT.

Each Clearing Member shall deposit with the Clearing House as security for its obligations thereto such amount as determined by the Exchange. The form of such deposit shall also be determined by the Exchange. The Exchange may change the amount and form of such deposit as necessary. Deposits may be withdrawn on written request when a Clearing Member ceases to be a Clearing Member and the Exchange has determined that all contracts and obligations with the Exchange have been settled.

2105.00. LIQUIDITY EVENT.

In order to satisfy CFTC Regulations and prudential liquidity standards, the Exchange has established this Rule.

In the event the Clearing House requires liquidity to enable it to promptly meet all of its payment obligations to Clearing Members for same day settlement, the Clearing House will first attempt to obtain liquidity through the asset sale of pledged collateral, followed by the application of any uncommitted funding arrangements, and then through the use of its committed lines of credit and any committed repurchase agreements. In the event the Clearing House is unable to obtain sufficient funds and liquidity to promptly meet same day settlement and payment through such means, the Clearing House may declare the occurrence of a Liquidity Event. In such an event, the Clearing House has the authority in its sole discretion to take the following actions, in the order listed, to secure same day liquidity:

- A. Substitution of Guaranty Fund Cash.** The Clearing House may substitute the cash deposited by one or more Clearing Members in a guaranty fund with U.S. Treasuries deposited as performance bond by the Clearing Member(s) that is(are) the initiating cause of the Liquidity Event. The amount of cash substituted shall be equivalent to U.S. Treasuries at a haircutted market value (determined by the Clearing House as of the prior day's close of business utilizing a recognized third party source). Any U.S. Treasuries transferred pursuant to this Rule shall be applied as a guaranty fund deposit on behalf of any such Clearing Member whose cash was substituted and will be allocated pro rata among any Clearing Members with cash deposits who are not the initiating cause of the Liquidity Event. The substitution of U.S. Treasuries for the Clearing Member's guaranty fund deposit will be limited to the size of the Clearing Member's guaranty fund deposit at the time of the Liquidity

Event. For any substitution of U.S. Treasuries for cash in a guaranty fund, the impacted Clearing Member may, within 24 hours of substitution, request that the Clearing House replace the cash within 29 business days of the date of the substitution. Any Clearing Member requesting cash replacement will receive the original amount of cash deposited and accessed by the Clearing House, regardless of the value of cash received by the Clearing House upon liquidation of the U.S. Treasuries.

- B. Substitution of Performance Bond Cash:** The Clearing House may substitute the cash deposited by one or more Clearing Members as performance bond with U.S. Treasuries held as collateral by the Clearing House. The amount of cash substituted shall be equivalent to the U.S. Treasuries at a haircutted market value (determined by the Clearing House as of the prior day's close of business utilizing a recognized third party source). Any U.S. Treasuries transferred pursuant to this Rule shall be applied as a performance bond deposit on behalf of any such Clearing Member whose cash was substituted and will be allocated pro rata among any Clearing Members with cash deposits. The substitution of U.S. Treasuries for the Clearing Member's performance bond held by the Exchange will be limited to the size of the Clearing Member's performance bond at the time of the Liquidity Event. For any substitution of U.S. Treasuries for cash as performance bond, the impacted Clearing Member may, within 24 hours of substitution, request that the Clearing House replace the cash within 29 business days of the date of the substitution. Any Clearing Member requesting cash replacement will receive the original amount of cash deposited and accessed by the Clearing House, regardless of the value of cash received by the Clearing House upon liquidation of the U.S. Treasuries.

In order to ensure the Clearing House can obtain sufficient cash from the above paragraphs, the Clearing House may notify any Clearing Member that is a U.S. Government Securities Broker-Dealer or has a U.S. Government Securities Broker-Dealer affiliate to replace its non-cash performance bond assets with cash within 60 minutes from the time of notification. To the extent that a Clearing Member(s) fails to provide cash within 60 minutes or the request occurs after 3:00 p.m. Central Time, the Clearing House may debit cash from that Clearing Member's settlement bank account in the amount of the clearing member's non-cash performance bond assets.

- C. Transfer or Disbursement of Collateral as Compensation for Portfolio Auction, Sale, or Transfer.** In lieu of satisfying a payment owed from any auction, sale, or transfer of an insolvent, defaulted, or suspended Clearing Member's or customer's portfolio in cash to an auction winner, purchaser, or transferee, the Clearing House may satisfy such payment owed to such persons by transferring Federal Reserve discount window eligible securities with a haircutted market value (determined by the Clearing House as of the prior day's close of business utilizing a recognized third party source) equal to the amount of such obligation.

2105.01. REQUIREMENT TO ESTABLISH UNCOMMITTED REPURCHASE AGREEMENT.

Each Clearing Member that is a U.S. Government Securities Broker-Dealer or has a U.S. Government Securities Broker-Dealer affiliate shall, if required by MGEX, enter into (or arrange for such affiliate to enter into) a master repurchase agreement with MGEX on terms substantially similar to those set forth by the Clearing House.

2106.00. PROTECTION OF CLEARING HOUSE: DEFAULT BY A CLEARING MEMBER.

If a Clearing Member fails promptly to discharge any obligation to MGEX, its security deposits, its margins and performance bonds on deposit with MGEX, and any of its other assets available to the Exchange shall be applied by the Exchange to discharge the obligation, provided that MGEX will not apply any collateral held in segregated customer accounts to any payment obligations arising from a default in a Clearing Member's proprietary account. Further, the Exchange may make immediate demand upon any guarantor of the Clearing Member. Upon demand and without waiting for application of all available assets of the Clearing Member or a formal accounting, such guarantor shall pay the Exchange by the time and date set by MGEX. Upon a Clearing Member Default, the Exchange may act immediately to attempt to transfer to alternate Clearing Members all customer positions and associated collateral (collateral held by the Exchange on behalf of the Defaulting Clearing Member for its customer).

If a default occurs in a segregated customer account, then the Exchange has the right to liquidate and apply toward the default all open positions and customer performance bond deposits in the account of the Defaulting Clearing Member. Accordingly, positions and collateral deposited by customers not causing the default are at risk if there is a default in their Clearing Member's segregated customer account. Following a default in a segregated customer account, MGEX can apply any excess proprietary funds and assets of the Defaulting Clearing Member.

The Clearing Member shall immediately make up any deficiencies in its security deposit resulting from the application of such funds prior to the close of business on the next banking day. The Exchange shall be under no obligation to forward any variation pays or settlement funds to a Defaulting Clearing Member.

In addition to application of the available assets of the Defaulting Clearing Member (the priority of which is further described in Rule 2106.02.), the Exchange, President, Treasurer, Chief Risk Officer, or other designee may take any other actions that it determines necessary to protect MGEX or other Clearing Members. Such actions include, but are not limited to, actions authorized elsewhere within the MGEX Rules, the suspension of clearing privileges until revoked or reinstated by the Board or its designee, pursuit of legal action, retention of variation pays, and request for additional security deposit and/or performance bonds. The detailed implementation of the process of finalizing losses with respect to a Clearing Member Default, including the liquidation, allocation, auction or sale of positions or assets of the Defaulting Clearing Member shall be conducted by the Exchange in its sole discretion.

The Exchange, Board, committees, officers and employees, and any qualified third party, including another Clearing Member, authorized by the Exchange to act in the place of the Defaulting Clearing Member shall have no liability arising from a failure by a Clearing Member to discharge its liabilities; neither shall they be liable for actions taken pursuant to MGEX Rules, procedures, or actions allowed by law. The appointment of a qualified third party does not absolve a Defaulting Clearing Member of any of its obligations, and the actions of such qualified third party will be binding upon the Defaulting Clearing Member. Neither the Board, committees, the Exchange, nor any of its officers, directors, or employees, shall be liable for any losses, damages, or costs, including direct, indirect, incidental, and consequential damages, arising out of the performance or decisions of the qualified third party or Defaulting Clearing Member.

The Exchange may establish such procedures as necessary which prescribe in detail how the protections under the MGEX Rules will operate. Such procedures shall constitute part of the MGEX Rules.

2106.01. CLEARING MEMBER INSOLVENCY.

If a Clearing Member becomes insolvent, the Insolvent Clearing Member, as such term is defined in Chapter 1, must immediately notify the Exchange of such insolvency. The Insolvency of a Clearing Member shall be announced by the Exchange and thereupon such Clearing Member shall be deemed automatically Suspended, unless otherwise permitted by the Exchange to continue limited operation for the purpose of transferring or liquidating positions, or otherwise mitigating losses. If a Clearing Member becomes insolvent or for other reasons is Suspended, the officers, owners or partners who are Members of the Exchange may also be Suspended by the Exchange.

When an Insolvent Clearing Member is Suspended, the Exchange may exercise any or all of its rights under MGEX Rules and Regulations.

2106.02. LOSSES BORNE BY MGEX.

Should MGEX bear a loss resulting from the actions or a Default of a Clearing Member, including but not limited to the insufficiency of the security deposit, margins, bonds, guarantees or other assets of such Clearing Member to fully meet its obligations to MGEX; the Insolvency of a Clearing Member; or the insolvency of a depository or settlement bank; or larceny, embezzlement, or for any other cause, such loss shall be met and made good promptly by the use and application of funds from the following sources, in the order of priority hereafter listed, with each source of funds to be completely exhausted, to the extent practical, before the next following source is applied. While such application of funds shall be mandatory, the detailed implementation of this Regulation shall be the responsibility of the Exchange.

- A. Excess funds of the Defaulting Clearing Member, including any partial payment amounts or settlement variation gains.
- B. Security deposits of the Defaulting Clearing Member.
- C. Margins and performance bonds of the Defaulting Clearing Member on deposit with MGEX, payments made by a guarantor of the Defaulting Clearing Member, and any other assets of the Defaulting Clearing Member.
- D. Such assets of the MGEX Clearing House reserve fund.
- E. Security deposits of non-defaulting Clearing Members shall be applied toward meeting a loss in direct proportion to the total security deposit requirement of each Clearing Member.
- F. Such surplus funds of the Exchange as may be in excess of funds necessary for normal business operations. No such surplus shall be assumed until approved by the Executive Committee or the Board.

The Exchange may borrow such funds or draw such funds as necessary against any line of credit at any time for such purposes under this Regulation to cover any obligations or losses of the Exchange. Any borrowing of funds shall not relieve any Clearing Member from their obligations under this Regulation, application of their security deposits, or from any assessments levied by MGEX pursuant to Regulations 2106.05. or 2112.00.

The Exchange may obtain and maintain any default insurance. Such insurance shall inure to and shall be for the sole benefit of the Exchange. Proceeds from any default insurance and the right to any proceeds shall be paid to and belong solely to the Exchange.

2106.03. RIGHTS OF EXCHANGE FOR RECOVERY OF LOSS.

If the security deposits, margins, performance bonds, guarantees and other assets of a Defaulting Clearing Member are insufficient to satisfy all of its obligations to MGEX, including all claims against the Exchange by reason of its substitution for that Clearing Member pursuant to Rule 701.00., the Exchange shall nonetheless pay all such claims, which shall be deemed a loss (hereinafter "Loss") to it and which shall be a liability of the Defaulting Clearing Member to the Exchange, which the Exchange may collect from the assets of such Clearing Member available to it or by process of law. For the avoidance of doubt and as set forth in Regulation 2106.00., MGEX will not apply any collateral held in segregated customer accounts to satisfy a payment obligation arising from a default in a Clearing Member's proprietary account.

If a Loss for which Clearing Members' security deposits or other assets have been accessed by MGEX is afterward recovered by the Exchange, in whole or in part, the net amount of such recovery shall be credited to such persons or firms (whether or not they are Clearing Members at the time of recovery) in proportion to the amount of the security deposit or assets accessed by MGEX.

2106.04. MANAGEMENT OF OBLIGATIONS FOR DEFAULT AND SUBSEQUENT CLEARING CYCLES.

As of the clearing cycle in which a default occurs, the Clearing House shall aggregate the following assets: any excess security deposits, any excess margins and performance bond from the prior clearing cycle, any partial payment by the Clearing Member for the default cycle, and any other available assets of the Clearing Member. Such assets shall be allocated first to any net settlement variation payment obligation of the Defaulting Clearing Member to the Clearing House. If the funds are not sufficient to satisfy the Clearing Member's settlement variation payment obligations for the default cycle, then the Clearing House shall apply the funds to such Clearing House obligations, pro rata relative to the size of such Clearing House obligations. If the Clearing House is unable to satisfy a settlement variation payment obligation from such assets, the deficiency shall be a Loss that the Clearing House shall satisfy pursuant to the procedures set forth in this Chapter 21. Any settlement variation gain to the Defaulting Clearing Member during subsequent clearing cycles shall be added to the available funds, and the Clearing House shall apply such collateral to the Defaulting Clearing Member's payment obligations. For the avoidance of doubt, the Clearing House shall not use customer funds and margins to satisfy a payment obligation to the Clearing House in respect of the Defaulting Clearing Member's proprietary account.

2106.05. SATISFACTION OF CLEARING HOUSE OBLIGATIONS.

Losses shall first be satisfied by applying the funds in the order of priority listed in Regulation 2106.02. The balance of any Losses remaining after the application of such funds shall be assessed against all Clearing Members (excluding any Insolvent or Defaulting Clearing Members). Each Clearing Member (excluding any Insolvent or Defaulting Clearing Member) shall be subject to an assessment in direct proportion to the Clearing Members' total security deposit requirement up to an amount that does not exceed (i) a total of three (3) times such Clearing Member's total security deposit requirement at the time of the default with respect to Losses that are attributed to the default of a single Clearing Member and (ii) a total of six (6) times such Clearing Member's total security deposit requirement at the time of the default with respect to Losses that are attributed to the default

of multiple Clearing Members during a Cooling Off Period (as defined below). Non-defaulting Clearing Members shall take no actions, including but not limited to, attempting to obtain a court order that would interfere with the ability of the Clearing House to collect and apply such assessments.

Each Clearing Member shall pay any assessment made pursuant to this Regulation by wire or other method acceptable to MGEX on the same business day as notice of the assessment has been delivered to Clearing Members. If a Clearing Member pays such assessment by wire and the wire transfer service is not open or operational, payment is due within one (1) hour on the next business day that wire is open and operational. Any Clearing Member that does not satisfy an assessment shall be in default, and any Loss that occurs as a result of such default shall itself be assessed by MGEX to non-defaulting Clearing Members.

If a Clearing Member has made payments of all assessed amounts and has replenished any deficiency in its security deposits in accordance with Regulation 2113.00., it may withdraw from Membership by giving written notice to and receiving approval from the Exchange.

2107.00. LIMITED RECOURSE AND TERMINATION EVENTS.

If one or more Clearing Members Default and the assets available to cover the default, including the funds described in Regulation 2106.02. and all assessments levied by the Exchange, are insufficient to satisfy the obligations of the Clearing House as a result of such default, the Clearing House shall discount its obligations as provided in Regulation 2107.01. Persons who have not been paid in full shall have no recourse to any other funds.

If at any time following a default, one or more of the following events (each, a "Termination Event") occur, MGEX shall comply with the procedures set forth below and in Regulation 2107.01. For purposes of this Regulation, a Termination Event shall occur when:

- A. The Clearing House is unable to cover a settlement variation payment obligation when due and has no expectation of accessing funds to permit it to cover such payment obligation;
- B. The Clearing House determines that the available funds will be insufficient to satisfy all Losses;
- C. MGEX is unable to comply with an obligation to pay money or deliver property to a Clearing Member that is properly due and owing in connection with a transaction cleared by the Exchange for a period of five (5) Business Days; or
- D. MGEX institutes or has instituted against it a proceeding seeking a judgment of insolvency or bankruptcy.

Following a Termination Event, the Clearing House shall, as soon as reasonably practicable and in a manner consistent with the Commodity Exchange Act and the regulations adopted thereunder (including, without limitation Part 190 of the Regulations, if applicable), fix a U.S. dollar amount to be paid to or received from the Clearing House in respect of all contracts to be terminated by conducting a Haircut Settlement Cycle (as defined below) to determine a final settlement price for all open contracts as described in Regulation 2107.01.