



MEMO

TO: MGEX Clearing Members

FROM: MGEX Clearing House

DATE: September 4, 2019

SUBJECT: SPIKES Futures – Contract Specifications and Rules

As previously announced, MGEX and Miami International Holdings, Inc. (“MIH”) will be launching futures on the SPIKES® Volatility Index. The product will trade on CME Globex® and will be cleared by MGEX. In connection with such, MGEX is issuing this memo to notify all Clearing Members that the proposed contract specifications and product Rules are now available on the MGEX website. If you are interested in reviewing the contract specifications or Rules, please refer to the “SPIKES Contract Specifications and Rules” document, which is located under the “Rules & Regulation” section of the “Resources” tab on the main MGEX website at www.mgex.com.

MGEX welcomes any comments or concerns Clearing Members may have on the proposals. Please direct any comments to Lindsay Hopkins at lhopkins@mgex.com or 612-321-7143 by Friday, October 4, 2019.

CONTRACT NAME:

SPIKES Volatility Index Future (SPK)

TICKER SYMBOL:

Trading of the SPK Futures Contract will be available electronically via the CME Globex® platform with ticker symbol SPK.

TRADING HOURS:

Regular Trading Hours (All hours listed in Central Time):

8:30 a.m. – 3:15 p.m. (Monday – Friday)

Extended Trading Hours:

5:00 p.m. – 8:30 a.m. (Sunday – Friday)

Pre-Open: 4:00 p.m. – 5:00 p.m. (Sunday)

4:15 p.m. – 5:00 p.m. (Monday – Friday)

3:30 p.m. – 4:00 p.m. (Monday – Friday)

Pre-Open: 3:15 p.m. – 3:30 p.m. (Monday – Friday)

CONTRACT MULTIPLIER:

The contract multiplier for each SPK Futures Contract is \$1,000 (USD).

CONTRACT MONTHS:

The months available for trading in the SPK Futures Contract will be the nearest six (6) consecutive months. The first trading day of the new 6th month contract will begin with the evening session on the settlement day of the expiring front month.

ORDER TYPES:

Order types for SPK Futures Contracts will include Limit, Market Order with Protection, Market to Limit, Stop Limit, and Stop Order with Protection.

CALENDAR SPREADS:

Standard calendar spreads are available for trading in the SPK Futures Contract with reduced tick functionality. The individual legs and net prices may be in increments of 0.01 index points, which has a value of \$10.00.

BLOCK TRADES:

Block Trades are permitted to be executed in the SPK Futures Contract given they meet minimum quantity thresholds. The Block Trade minimum threshold for the SPK Futures

Contract is 200 contracts for a single leg trade, 300 contracts for a strip (100 contracts for each leg of the strip), and 200 contracts for a spread trade that is not a strip where at least one leg of the spread is required to be 200 contracts and the other legs are required to have at least 100 contracts each.

Block Trades will include a minimum price increment of 0.01 index points which has a value of \$10.00.

EXCHANGE FOR RELATED POSITION:

Exchange for Related Position (EFRP) transactions are permitted to be executed in the SPK Futures Contract provided certain criteria are met. Related positions include SPIKES options and SPY options, or a group or basket of any of the foregoing. The transaction must also be proven to be a bona fide EFRP transaction and must be submitted to the exchange within 30 minutes following the final agreement to the contract terms.

See MGEX Rule 83.16 for additional information related to ECRP transactions.

MINIMUM PRICE INCREMENT:

The minimum price increment in the SPK Futures Contract will be 0.05 index points, which has a value of \$50.00. For spread trades, the individual legs and net prices may be in increments of 0.01 index points, which has a value of \$10.00.

DAILY PRICE LIMITS:

During the extended trading session each SPK Futures Contract will be subject to an upper price limit of 70% above the most current calculated reference value and a lower price limit of 30% below the most current calculated reference value. There are no price limits during the regular trading session.

TRADING HALTS:

Trading halts for SPK futures will go into effect following a NYSE Rule 80B trading halt in the cash equity market in the following convention:

- Level 1: 15-minute trading halt following a 7% decline in the S&P 500 Index (unless the decline occurs after 2:25 p.m. (Central Time) or 11:25 a.m. (Central Time) in the case of early close).
- Level 2: 15-minute trading halt following a 13% decline in the S&P 500 Index (unless decline occurs after 2:25 p.m. (Central Time) or 11:25 a.m. (Central Time) in the case of early close).
- Level 3: Trading halt for the remainder of the trading session following a 20% decline in the S&P 500 Index, effective during all regular Hours of Trading.

Additionally, MGEX will take into consideration any trading halt in the SPDR S&P ETF Trust and/or the SPIKE Options contract in determining whether to halt trading in the SPK Futures Contract.

Trading halts in the SPK Futures Contract can also be triggered from a correlated trading halt in the CME E-mini S&P Futures Contract; however, these halts are limited to the trading times of 3:00 p.m. to 3:15 p.m. during the regular trading session, or 3:30 p.m. to 4:00 p.m. during the extended trading session.

LAST TRADING DATE/TERMINATION OF TRADING:

The Last Trading Day for the SPK futures contract will be at 8:00 a.m. on the Final Settlement Date.

FINAL SETTLEMENT DATE:

The Final Settlement Date for the SPK Futures Contract is generally a Wednesday 30 calendar days preceding the Expiration Date of the monthly SPY options. If that day is an Exchange holiday, then the Final Settlement Date will be the preceding business day. The Expiration Date for the monthly SPY options is the 3rd Friday of the month following the month in which the contract expires. If that day is an Exchange holiday, then the Expiration Date is the preceding business day.

FINAL SETTLEMENT VALUE:

SPK Futures will cash settle to the Final SPIKES settlement value, as published by MIAX, on the Final Settlement Date. Settlement of SPK Futures Contract will result in the transfer of a cash settlement amount on the business day immediately following the Settlement Date. The cash settlement amount will be the final mark to market amount against the final settlement price of the SPK Futures Contract multiplied by \$1,000.00.

TRADE AT SETTLEMENT TRANSACTIONS (TAS):

Trade at settlement transactions (TAS) for SPK futures contracts will be available during the regular trading session hours of 8:30 a.m. to 3:13 p.m.

All TAS transactions will trade on CME's Globex platform with ticker symbol "SPT" and will be limited to price ranges from 0.50 index points below the daily settlement price to 0.50 index points above the daily settlement price. Minimum price increments will be 0.01 index points. All TAS orders will be required to be a day order, immediate or cancel order, or fill or kill order. Both single leg and calendar spread transactions are available for trading, however no block trades or ECRPs will be permitted in TAS transactions for SPK futures contracts.

Last Trade Date for TAS transactions is at 3:13 p.m. the business day prior to the SPK Future Contract's Last Trading Date.

POSITION ACCOUNTABILITY:

The position accountability levels for SPK Futures Contracts are as follows:

- Ownership or control at any time of more than 50,000 contracts net long or short in all SPK futures contracts combined.
- Ownership or control of more than 30,000 contracts net long or net short in the expiring SPK futures contract, effective at the start of Hours of Trading for the Friday prior to the Final Settlement Date of the expiring SPK futures contract.
- Ownership or control of more than 10,000 contracts net long or net short in the expiring SPK futures contract, effective at the start of the Hours of Trading for the Business Day immediately preceding the Final Settlement Date of the expiring SPK futures.

Trading for the Friday prior to the Final Settlement Date and for the business day immediately preceding the Final Settlement Date will be in effect upon commencement of the first range of the extended trading session (3:30 p.m. to 4:00 p.m.)

REPORTABLE POSITION AND VOLUME LEVEL:

Any open position level in the SPK Futures Contract at the close of trading on any trading day equal to, or in excess of, 200 contracts on either side of the market is required to be reported to the CFTC.

A volume threshold account that has trading volume in the SPK Futures Contract during a single trading day equal to, or in excess of, 50 contracts is required to be reported to the CFTC.

CHAPTER 21 CLEARING HOUSE RULES

- 2100.00. Requirements For Clearing
- 2100.01. Electronic Trading System Clearing
- 2100.02. Clearing Privileges
- 2100.03. Clearing Member Risk Management
- 2101.00. Settlement Banks Available For Use
- 2102.00. Acceptance Of Give-Up Trades
- 2103.00. Order Of Delivery
- 2104.00. Deadlines, Fees And Fines
- 2104.01. Clearing Fee
- 2105.00. Security Deposit
- 2105.01. Funded Financial Resources
- 2106.00. Margins
- 2106.01. Protection Of Customer Funds
- 2106.02. Proprietary Account Minimum Liquidation Period
- 2106.03. Measures to Mitigate Procyclicality
- 2107.00. Finality Of Settlement
- 2108.00. Liquidity Event
- 2108.01. Requirement To Establish Uncommitted Repurchase Agreement
- 2109.00. Clearing Member Financial Emergency
- 2109.01. Clearing Member Insolvency
- 2109.02. Protection Of Clearing House: Default By A Clearing Member
- 2109.03. Losses Borne By MGEX: Application of Funds
- 2109.04. Management of Default And Subsequent Clearing Cycles
- 2109.05. Collateral To Be Restored
- 2110.00. Clearing Members: Assessments
- 2110.01. Memberships: Special Assessments And Issuance
- 2111.00. Voluntary Contributions
- 2112.00. Haircut Settlement Cycles
- 2113.00. Cooling Off Period And Multiple Defaults
- 2114.00. Partial Tear-Ups
- 2115.00. Termination of Contracts
- 2116.00. Details of Implementation And Auctions
- 2117.00. Use Of Customer Gross Margin Files
- 2118.00. No Action; Limitation Of Liability
- 2119.00. Recovery of Loss
- 2120.00. Limited Recourse And Non-Petition
- 2121.00. Close-Out Netting And Offset

2105.01. FUNDED FINANCIAL RESOURCES.

The Clearing House will maintain funded financial resources sufficient to enable it to meet its financial obligations to Clearing Members notwithstanding a default by the two Clearing Members creating the largest combined loss to the Clearing House in extreme but plausible market conditions. If a Clearing Member controls another Clearing Member or is under common control with another Clearing Member, the affiliated Clearing Members will be considered a single Clearing Member for purposes of calculating financial resources under this Rule.

2106.02. PROPRIETARY ACCOUNT MINIMUM LIQUIDATION PERIOD.

With respect to Clearing Member proprietary positions, the Clearing House will ensure performance bond requirements are calculated and collected using a liquidation period of not less than two days calculated on a net basis. This Rule does not apply to positions in agricultural commodity derivative contracts that meet the exclusion criteria established in Article 2 of the European Commission's Implementing Decision 2016/377, dated March 15, 2016.

2106.03. MEASURES TO MITIGATE PROCYCLICALITY.

The Clearing House will establish performance bond requirements designed to limit the likelihood of procyclical changes in such requirements and mitigate costly and disruptive adjustments to performance bond requirements in periods of high market volatility. When calculating performance bond requirements, the Clearing House will include measures designed to limit procyclical changes that are equivalent to at least one of the options listed in Article 1, paragraph 2(b) of the European Commission's Implementing Decision 2016/377, dated March 15, 2016. This Rule does not apply to positions in agricultural commodity derivative contracts that meet the exclusion criteria established in Article 2 of the European Commission's Implementing Decision 2016/377, dated March 15, 2016.

Chapter 83 SPIKES VOLATILITY INDEX FUTURES

- 83.1. Authority
- 83.2. Scope Of Chapter
- 83.3. Spikes Volatility Index: Definition
- 83.4. Contract Trading Unit
- 83.5. Minimum Price Increment
- 83.6. Trading Months
- 83.7. Trading Days and Hours
- 83.8. Last Trading Date
- 83.9. Daily Price Limits
- 83.10. Official Closing Period
- 83.11. Daily Settlement Price
- 83.12. Trading Halts
- 83.13. Cash Settlement
- 83.14. Offsets And Transfer Trades
- 83.15. Trade at Settlement
- 83.16. Exchange Of Contract For Relation Position
- 83.17. Block Trades
- 83.18. Position Accountability
- 83.19. Aggregation Of Positions
- 83.20. Reportable Positions And Trading Volume
- 83.21. Contract Modifications
- 83.22. Emergencies

CHAPTER 83

SPIKES VOLATILITY INDEX FUTURES

83.1. AUTHORITY.

Trading in SPIKES Volatility Index Futures (base symbol 'SPK') may be conducted under such terms and conditions as the Board of Directors and/or the Exchange will determine, subject to the Commodity Exchange Act, as amended, and CFTC regulations promulgated thereunder.

83.2. SCOPE OF CHAPTER.

This Chapter is limited in its application to Futures trading of the SPIKES Volatility Index. Electronic trading, clearing, daily settlement, delivery of cash settlement, and any other matters not specifically covered in this Chapter will be governed by the MGEX Rules, or otherwise delegated to the Exchange to establish policies and procedures that implement the MGEX Rules. In the event the provisions of this Chapter conflict with any other MGEX Rules, those listed within this Chapter and as applicable to the SPK Futures Contract supersede such MGEX Rules outside of this Chapter.

83.3. SPIKES VOLATILITY INDEX: DEFINITION.

The SPIKES Volatility Index ("SPIKES") is a real-time market index that measures the expected 30-day forward looking volatility in the SPDR S&P 500 ETF Trust ("SPY"). SPIKES is calculated using SPY option prices and interpolates between two expirations' computed variances to determine the 30-day expected volatility.

83.4. CONTRACT TRADING UNIT.

The unit of trading will be the value of the SPK Futures Contract multiplied by one thousand U.S. dollars (\$1,000). For example, if the SPIKES value was 13.5, one SPK Futures Contract would equal \$13,500 (13.5 x \$1,000.00.)

83.5. MINIMUM PRICE INCREMENT.

Except as provided in this Rule, the minimum price increment in the SPK Futures Contract will be 0.05 index points, which has a value of \$50.00. All prices are quoted in U.S. dollars.

For spread trades, the individual legs and net prices in the SPK Futures Contract may be in increments of 0.01 index points, which has a value of \$10.00.

83.6. TRADING MONTHS.

The months available for trading in SPK Futures Contracts and the number of months available for trade at one time will be determined by the Board of Directors.

83.7. TRADING DAYS AND HOURS.

A trading day is a Business Day on which trading of SPK Futures Contracts is permitted. Trading days are determined by the Exchange. The Hours of Trading for SPK Futures Contracts during extended and regular Hours of Trading will constitute a single trading session for a Business Day. All times noted below are in Central Time.

Unless otherwise specified by the Exchange in relation to Exchange holidays, the Hours of Trading for SPK Futures will be the following:

Regular Trading Hours:

8:30 a.m. - 3:15 p.m. Monday – Friday

Extended Trading Hours:

5:00 p.m. - 8:30 a.m. Sunday – Friday*

3:30 p.m. - 4:00 p.m. Monday – Friday

For the avoidance of doubt, the start of each new trading day begins with the start of trading at 5:00 p.m. Central Time.

* The extended trading hours for Friday trade dates begin at 5:00 p.m. on Thursday and end at 8:30 a.m. Central Time on Friday.

83.8. LAST TRADING DAY.

The last trading day is at 8:00 a.m. (Central Time) on the settlement day, generally the Wednesday thirty (30) calendar days preceding the third Friday of the following calendar month. In the event Wednesday is a scheduled holiday, the settlement date will be moved one day prior to Tuesday. In the event Wednesday is an unscheduled holiday, the settlement date will be moved one day later to Thursday. Should the third Friday of the following calendar month be a holiday, the settlement date will be moved one day prior to Tuesday.

83.9. DAILY PRICE LIMITS.

For the purpose of this Rule, Price Limits and the following provisions are applied only to extended Hours of Trading as defined in MGEX [Rule 83.7](#):

- A. Each SPK Futures Contract will have a price limit that is seventy percent (70%) above the daily settlement price for that SPK Futures Contract for the prior Business Day (“Upper Price Limit”) and a price limit that is thirty percent (30%) below the daily reference price for that SPK Futures Contract for the prior Business Day (“Lower Price Limit”). An Upper Price Limit and a Lower Price Limit may jointly be referred to as a “Price Limit.”
- B. Price Limits will be applicable with respect to the execution of single leg SPK orders. Price Limits will apply to SPK spread orders with respect to the individual legs and may not be executed at a price that is above the Upper Price Limit, or below the Lower Price Limit, for a respective single leg SPK Futures Contract.
- C. Price Limits are in effect during the opening process for a SPK Futures Contract.
- D. In calculating a Price Limit, if the calculation results in a Price Limit that falls between two minimum price increment sizes for the SPK Futures Contract, the Upper Price Limit will always be rounded down and the Lower Price Limit will always be rounded up.

- E. The daily settlement price that will be utilized to calculate the Price Limits for a newly listed SPK Futures Contract will be the daily settlement price of the SPK Futures Contract with the nearest expiration date, in calendar days, to the expiration date of the newly listed SPK Futures Contract. If there is an equal amount of calendar days between a SPK Futures Contract with an earlier expiration date and a SPK Futures Contract with a later expiration date, the daily settlement price of the SPK Futures Contract with the earlier expiration date will be utilized.
- F. Notwithstanding any provisions of this Rule, the Exchange may, in its absolute and sole discretion, take any action it determines necessary or advisable to protect market integrity; including but not limited to, modifying or eliminating the Price Limit parameters established above.

83.10. OFFICIAL CLOSING PERIOD.

The official closing period of the SPK Futures Contract will be from 3:14:00 p.m. to 3:14:59 p.m. Central Time.

Notwithstanding the foregoing, for an expiring SPK Futures Contract month, the expiring contract month's closing period will be from 7:59:00 a.m. to 7:59:59 a.m.

83.11. DAILY SETTLEMENT PRICE.

The Exchange will calculate the daily settlement price for each SPK Futures Contract in the following manner for each Business Day. The settlement price will be consistent with the minimum fluctuations of the contract.

- A. The settlement price for the lead month will be determined by the volume-weighted average of outright trades and applicable bids and offers made in the closing period on the Electronic Trading System. For purposes of this Rule, the lead month will be determined by the Exchange and is generally the most active month. The lead month will change at the time when the daily volume and open interest in the contract month following the current lead month is greater than the daily volume and open interest in the lead month for two (2) consecutive business days. If there is no volume-weighted average of the outright, then the last trade price is compared to the current bid/ask. If the last trade price is outside of the bid/ask spread, then the contract settles to the nearest bid/ask price. If the last trade price is within the bid/ask spread or if a bid/ask is not available, then the contract settles to the last trade price. If there is no last trade price available, then the prior settlement is compared to the current bid/ask. If the prior settlement is outside of the bid/ask spread, then the contract settles to the nearest bid/ask price. If the prior settlement is within the bid/ask spread or if a bid/ask is not available, then the contract settles to the prior settlement price.
- B. All non-lead months are deferred contract months and settle based upon the volume-weighted average of calendar spread transactions made in the closing period on the Electronic Trading System. If there are no relevant calendar spreads, bids and offers in those calendar spreads will be used in conjunction with settlements from any months where a settlement price has been determined to

form an implied market in the contract to be settled. These implied markets, along with the outright bid/ask market for the contract, will be used to derive the best possible bid and best possible ask, and the contract will settle at the midpoint of the bid/ask spread.

- C. Notwithstanding the above, if such settlement price is not consistent with the settlements in other months or with market information, or if the settlement was inaccurately determined, a new settlement price may be established at a level consistent with such other settlement prices or market information and a written record setting forth the basis for any modification of such settlement price will be prepared.
- D. The Exchange may in its sole discretion modify the settlement price prior to the start of the day's final clearing process if the settlement price arose from data entry errors made by or on behalf of the Exchange, and modification of the settlement price is necessary to prevent market distortion. A written record will be prepared setting forth the basis for any modification. In addition, the Exchange reserves the right to change which contract month is the lead month when, in its discretion, doing so is in the best interest of the marketplace. If any such change to the lead month is made pursuant to this Rule, the Exchange shall provide notification to the public via the MGEX website or other means it deems effective

83.12. TRADING HALTS.

The Exchange will take into consideration any trading halt in the SPY and/or the SPIKES Options contract in determining whether to halt trading in the SPK Futures Contract.

Additional trading halts can be triggered by volatility in the underlying S&P 500 Index, including the following market declines:

- A. Level 1: 15-minute trading halt following a seven percent (7%) decline in the S&P 500 Index (unless decline occurs after 2:25 p.m. Central Time or 11:25 a.m. Central Time in the case of early close).
- B. Level 2: 15-minute trading halt following a thirteen percent (13%) decline in S&P 500 Index (unless decline occurs after 2:25 p.m. Central Time or 11:25 a.m. Central Time in the case of early close).
- C. Level 3: Trading halt for the remainder of the trading session following a twenty percent (20%) decline in the S&P 500 Index, effective during all regular Hours of Trading.

Additional trading halts in the SPK Futures Contract can be triggered from a correlated trading halt in the E-mini S&P Futures Contract traded on CME; however, these halts are limited to the trading times of (i) 3:00 p.m. to 3:15 p.m. Central Time during regular Hours of Trading, or (ii) during extended Hours of Trading.

83.13. CASH SETTLEMENT.

Settlement of contracts will result in the delivery of a cash settled amount on the Business Day immediately following the settlement date. The final cash index settlement price of the expiring SPK Futures Contract is determined by the opening prices of the SPY options market as traded

on the Miami International Securities Exchange LLC (“MIAX”). The final settlement price of the SPK Futures Contract will be rounded to the nearest \$0.01. If the settlement price is not available or the normal settlement procedure cannot be utilized due to a trading disruption or other unusual circumstance, the settlement price will be determined in accordance with Exchange Procedures.

MIAX and the Exchange make no warranty, express or implied, as to the results of the final cash index settlement price. Information included in, or used in the calculation of, such index is obtained from sources believed to be reliable, but neither MIAX nor the Exchange guarantee its accuracy or completeness and will have no liability for any damages, claims, losses (including any indirect or consequential losses), expenses, or delays, whether direct or indirect, foreseen or unforeseen, suffered by any person arising out of any circumstance or occurrence relating to the index or its calculation, or arising out of any errors or delays in calculating or disseminating such index.

83.14. OFFSETS AND TRANSFER TRADES.

Positions reported as offsets and/or position change data must be reported to the Clearing House each day by the established deadlines and in a manner that meets the provisions of MGEX Resolution 2101.00.C. Positions that have been offset at the Exchange may not subsequently be re-opened at the Exchange.

Except by same day trade activity, existing SPK Futures positions in an expiring SPK Futures Contract month may not be offset during the period beginning two (2) Business Days prior to the first Business Day of the expiring month and continuing through the end of the settlement date of the expiring SPK Futures Contract (“Prohibition Period”). Clearing Members will be responsible for compliance with this requirement by their omnibus accounts. This prohibition also applies to transfer trades where no change in ownership is involved when the date of execution or exercise of the position being transferred is not the same as the transfer date. Such positions are required to be offset by trading. If such positions are carried on the books of different Clearing Members, the receiving Clearing Member is responsible for compliance with this Rule.

At its sole discretion, the Department of Audits and Investigations may permit an offset during the Prohibition Period via netting, transfer, or position adjustment. Such adjustments are permissible to correct a bona fide clerical or operational error for an amount less than five percent (5.0%) of the published open interest reported the same morning for which the offset will be reported by the Clearing Member’s morning position reporting deadline. Moreover, such adjustments are only permissible if the Department of Audits and Investigations reasonably believes the offset will not adversely impact the market. Such permission does not prohibit the Department of Audits and Investigations from investigating or taking disciplinary action for any alleged violation of the Rulebook.

83.15. TRADE AT SETTLEMENT.

A Trade at Settlement (“TAS”) is a transaction at a price equal to the daily settlement price, or at a specified differential above or below the daily settlement price. The TAS transaction price will be determined following execution and based upon the daily settlement price of the respective SPK Futures Contract month.

TAS transactions are permitted in the SPK Futures Contract as outright or spread transactions. TAS transactions are available for trading only during the regular Hours of Trading of 8:30 a.m. - 3:13 p.m. Central Time. However, TAS transactions in an expiring SPK Futures Contract are not permitted during the Business Day of its final settlement date.

The permissible price range for permitted TAS transactions is from 0.50 index points below the daily settlement price to 0.50 index points above the daily settlement price. The permissible minimum increment for a TAS transaction is 0.01 index points.

83.16. EXCHANGE OF CONTRACT FOR RELATION POSITION.

- A. If and to the extent permitted by the Rules, a bonafide Exchange of Contract for Related Position (“ECRP”) may be entered into off of the Exchange with respect to a contract at a price mutually agreed upon by the parties to such transaction. Any SPIKES futures legs of an ECRP transaction must be priced in increments of 0.01 index points. Each ECRP must contain the following three essential elements:
 - i. a transaction in a contract that is listed on the Exchange and a transaction in a related position or an option on the related position (known as the “Related Position”);
 - ii. an exchange of contract for the Related Position that involves an actual transfer of ownership, which must include (1) an ability to perform the ECRP and (2) a transfer of title of the Contract and Related Position upon consummation of the exchange; and
 - iii. separate parties, such that the accounts involved on each side of the ECRP have different beneficial ownership or are under separate control, provided that separate profit centers of a Futures Commission Merchant operating under separate control are deemed to be separate parties for purposes of this Rule.
- B. For purposes of this Rule, the term “Related Position” will include SPIKES options and SPY options, or a group or basket of any of the foregoing. The Related Position being exchanged may not be a contract traded on or subject to the Rules of the Exchange.
- C. In every ECRP transaction, one party must be the buyer of (or the holder of the long market exposure associated with) the Related Position and the seller of the corresponding contract and the other party must be the seller of (or the holder of the short market exposure associated with) the Related Position and the buyer of the corresponding contract. Further, the quantity of the Related Position traded in an ECRP must correlate to the quantity represented by the contract portion of the transaction.
- D. The execution of an ECRP transaction may not be contingent upon the execution of another ECRP or related position transaction between the parties where the transactions result in the offset of the related position without the incurrence of market risk that is material in the context of the related position transactions.
- E. The timing of an ECRP transaction must satisfy the following requirements:
 - i. The agreement to an ECRP transaction may only occur during the Hours of Trading for the contract that comprises the contract leg of the transaction, when that contract is not halted or suspended (“Permissible Agreement Period”). For such purposes, an agreement to an ECRP transaction includes, without limitation, agreement to the quantity and

actual price or premium of the Contract leg of the transaction. ECRP transactions are not permitted during extended trading hours;

- ii. An ECRP transaction must be fully reported to the Exchange without delay and by no later than thirty minutes after the transaction is agreed upon (“Reporting Deadline”). The Reporting Deadline is measured from the time the transaction is agreed upon to the time that the full report of the transaction is received by the Exchange.
- iii. All ECRP transactions will be submitted for clearing on the Business Day during which the transaction is fully reported to the Exchange.

Accordingly, in order to satisfy the requirements of this paragraph E, the time periods in which an ECRP transaction may occur are limited to those time periods in which: (i) the transaction is agreed to within a Permissible Agreement Period; and (ii) the transaction is able to be fully reported to the Exchange within a Permissible Reporting Period by no later than the Reporting Deadline.

- F. Each party to an ECRP transaction will comply with all applicable MGEX Rules and must be registered with the Exchange as an Authorized Participant (an “Authorized Participant”). All Authorized Participants will be assigned an Authorized Participant ID. Authorized Participants that execute ECRP transactions on behalf of other Authorized Participants are responsible for ensuring that such other Authorized Participants that engage in such transactions in contracts traded on the Exchange are fully informed regarding Exchange requirements relating to ECRP transactions. To the extent required by applicable law, an Authorized Participant must be registered or otherwise permitted by the appropriate regulatory body or bodies to act in the capacity of an Authorized Participant and to conduct related activities.
- G. Each Authorized Participant is required to maintain the information set forth in this Section G or have an agreement with a Broker (who is an Authorized Participant or Authorized Reporter) that will maintain such information. Each Authorized Participant or Broker will record the following details with respect to the contract leg of the ECRP on its order ticket: (i) all component legs of the transaction; (ii) the number of contracts traded and whether the relevant contract leg of the transaction is a buy or sell; (iii) the price of execution or premium; (iv) the time of execution to the nearest minute (i.e., the time at which the parties agreed to the ECRP); (v) the arrangement time, if any (i.e., the time at which the parties agreed to enter into the transaction at a later time); (vi) the counterparty’s Authorized Participant ID and Authorized Participant ID of the individual executing the transaction; (vii) that the transaction is an ECRP; (viii) origin code; (ix) Customer Type indicator code; (x) the account number of the Authorized Participant for which the ECRP was executed; (xi) the identity, quantity and price or premium of the Related Position(s) (including the expiration, strike price, type of option (put or call) and delta in the case of an option); and (xii) any other information that may be required. Every Authorized Participant handling, executing, clearing or carrying ECRP transactions or positions will identify and mark as such by appropriate symbol or designation all ECRP transactions or positions and all orders, records and memoranda pertaining thereto. Records will also include, without limitation, documentation relating to the Related Position portion of the ECRP transaction, including those documents customarily generated in accordance with Related Position market practices that

demonstrate the existence and nature of the Related Position portion of the transaction. Upon request by the Exchange and within the time frame designated by the Exchange, any such Authorized Participant or Broker will produce satisfactory evidence that an ECRP transaction meets the requirements set forth in this Rule.

A Clearing Member or an Authorized Reporter of a carrying FCM that authorizes an Authorized Participant accepts responsibility for all such ECRP transactions executed on behalf of the Authorized Participant.

- H. Each Authorized Participant executing an ECRP transaction must have at least one designated individual that is pre-authorized by MGEX to report ECRP transactions in accordance with paragraph I below on their behalf (the "Authorized Reporter") in accordance with the requirements and deadlines set forth in this Rule. To the extent required by applicable law, an Authorized Reporter or Authorized Participant involved with the execution of an ECRP transaction must be registered or otherwise permitted by the appropriate regulatory body or bodies to act in the capacity of an Authorized Reporter or Authorized Participant and to conduct related activities. Only an Authorized Reporter will be allowed to report an ECRP transaction on behalf of an Authorized Participant.

Any Authorized Reporter that is an Authorized Participant must have an Authorized Participant ID. When applicable, an Authorized Reporter who accepts an ECRP transaction for their Authorized Participant must report the ECRP transaction and all required information to the Exchange and the Authorized Reporter at the Clearing Member or their carrying FCM. Authorized Reporters at carrying FCMs that are not MGEX Clearing Members must report the ECRP transaction and all required information to the Authorized Reporter at the MGEX Clearing Member. An Authorized Reporter that is the initiator of a notification of an ECRP transaction may not cancel or revise the notification after it has been entered into the MGEX clearing system while it awaits acceptance by the Authorized Reporter for the contra side of the transaction.

A Clearing Member or an Authorized Reporter of a carrying FCM that authorizes an Authorized Reporter to report ECRP transactions accepts responsibility for all such transactions reported to the Exchange by that Authorized Reporter on behalf of the Authorized Participant. Any designation of an Authorized Reporter or revocation of a previous designation of an Authorized Reporter, including any termination of the guarantee provided for in the preceding sentence, must be made in a form and manner prescribed by the Exchange and will become effective as soon as the Exchange is able to process the designation or revocation. Both the parties to and Authorized Reporters for an ECRP transaction are obligated to comply with the requirements set forth in this Rule, and any of these parties or Authorized Reporters may be held responsible by the Exchange for noncompliance with those requirements.

- I. Authorized Reporters shall report the following to the Exchange: (i) all component legs of the transaction (ii) the contract identifier (or product and contract expiration for a future or product, expiration, strike price and type of option (put or call) in the case of an option), price (or premium for an option) and quantity of the relevant contract leg of the transaction and whether the relevant contract leg is buy or sell; (iii) the time of execution to the nearest minute (i.e., the time at which the parties

agreed to the transaction); (iv) the arrangement time, if any (i.e., the time at which the parties agreed to enter into the transaction at a later time); (v) Authorized Participant ID of Authorized Participant executing the transaction; (vi) counterparty's Authorized Participant ID; (vii) account of the Authorized Participant; (viii) origin code; (ix) Customer Type Indicator code; (x) the identity, quantity and price or premium of the Related Position (including the expiration, strike price, type of option (put or call) and delta in the case of an option); and (xi) any other information required by the Exchange. An ECRP transaction may not be changed or canceled after it has been fully reported to the Exchange.

- J. Each Clearing Member carrying a customer account for which an ECRP transaction is executed will be responsible for obtaining and submitting to the Exchange in a timely and complete manner the records of its customers regarding the ECRP transaction.
- K. For timing purposes in connection with measuring adherence to Permissible Reporting Periods and the Reporting Deadline, an ECRP transaction will be deemed to have been fully reported to the Exchange when both sides of the transaction have been matched within the MGEX clearing system.
- L. The Exchange may modify a Permissible Agreement Period, Reporting Deadline, Permissible Reporting Period, and/or permissible manner of notification to the Exchange of an ECRP transaction in the event of unusual circumstances. The acceptance by the Exchange of the submission of an ECRP transaction does not constitute a determination by the Exchange that the transaction was effected or reported in conformity with the requirements of this Rule. An ECRP transaction that is accepted and not busted or rejected by the MIAX System will be processed and given effect, but will be subject to appropriate disciplinary action in accordance with the MGEX Rules if it was not effected or reported in conformity with the requirements of this Rule.
- M. Any ECRP transaction in violation of the requirements of this Rule will constitute conduct which is inconsistent with just and equitable principles of trade.
- N. ECRP transactions will not trigger conditional orders or otherwise affect orders in the underlying SPK Futures Contract traded on the Electronic Trading System.
- O. MGEX will not, under any circumstances, be responsible or liable for any losses, damages, or other costs arising out of any error, omission, or inaccuracy that may occur in an ECRP transaction.

83.17. BLOCK TRADES

For the purpose of this Rule, Block Trades are defined as large transactions that are privately negotiated off the Exchange's Electronic Trading System and can only be entered into by Eligible Contract Participants, as defined in Section 1a(18) of the Commodity Exchange Act.

Block Trades are permitted to be executed in the SPK Futures Contract, provided they are in accordance with the following provisions:

- A. A Block Trade must be for a quantity that is at or in excess of the applicable minimum threshold. Orders for different accounts may not be aggregated in order

to achieve the minimum transaction size. The Block Trade minimum threshold in the SPK Futures Contract is 200 contracts.

- B. A Party shall not execute any order as a Block Trade for a customer unless such customer has specified that the order be executed as a Block Trade.
- C. The Block Trade is executed competitively at a price that is fair and reasonable with consideration to the prevailing market price of either the SPK Futures Contract. The minimum price increment for a Block Trade in the SPK Futures Contract is 0.01 index points.
- D. Block Trades will not trigger conditional orders or otherwise affect orders in the underlying SPK Futures Contract traded on the Electronic Trading System.
- E. Clearing Members must ensure that each side of the Block Trade is reported to the Exchange within fifteen (15) minutes (but in no case later than 4:15 p.m. Central Time) and in the manner specified by the Exchange. The reporting of each side of the Block Trade must include the: contract, contract month, price, quantity of the transaction including quantities for each leg, buy/sell side, CTI and Regular (House) or Segregated (Customer) indicators, account number, the respective Clearing Members, the time of execution, and any other information required in accordance with MGEX Rules.
- F. Each counterparty to a Block Trade must have a separate and independent bona-fide legal or business purpose for entering into the Block Trade.
- G. Parties involved in the solicitation or negotiation of a Block Trade may not disclose the details of such communication to any other party for any purpose other than to facilitate the execution of the Block Trade.

83.18. POSITION ACCOUNTABILITY.

The position accountability levels for SPK Futures Contracts are as follows:

- A. Ownership or control at any time of more than 50,000 contracts net long or net short in all SPK Futures Contracts combined;
- B. Ownership or control of more than 30,000 contracts net long or net short in the expiring SPK Futures Contract, effective at the start of Hours of Trading for the Friday prior to the final settlement date of the expiring SPK futures; or
- C. Ownership or control of more than 10,000 contracts net long or net short in the expiring SPK Futures Contract, effective at the start of the Hours of Trading for the Business Day immediately preceding the final settlement date of the expiring SPK futures.

For the purpose of this Rule, each new trading day commences with the start of trading at 5:00 p.m. Central Time.

83.19. AGGREGATION OF POSITIONS.

In determining whether any person has exceeded the position accountability levels, all positions

in accounts for which such person by power of attorney or otherwise directly or indirectly holds positions or controls trading must be included with the positions held by such person. Such positions accountability levels will apply to positions held by two (2) or more persons acting pursuant to an expressed or implied agreement or understanding, the same as if the positions were held by a single person. The Exchange will follow the CFTC definition of aggregation and the procedures for aggregating positions as described in CFTC regulations as applicable.

83.20. REPORTABLE POSITION AND TRADING VOLUME.

- A. Pursuant to CFTC Regulation 15.03 and Part 17, any open position level in the SPK Futures Contract at the close of trading on any trading day equal to, or in excess of, 200 contracts on either side of the market is required to be reported to the CFTC. All such positions will be reported in a manner and form as designated by the CFTC or the Exchange.
- B. Pursuant to CFTC Regulation 15.04 and Part 17, a volume threshold account that has trading volume in the SPK Futures Contract during a single trading day equal to, or in excess of, 50 contracts is required to be reported to the CFTC. All such positions must be reported in a manner and form as designated by the CFTC or the Exchange.

83.21. CONTRACT MODIFICATIONS.

Specifications are fixed for the duration of the contract month upon the first trade in that contract month. However, a change in any Federal law, regulation, ruling, directive, or order that conflicts with these Rules or specifications will become effective upon notice by the Exchange. Additionally, the Board of Directors and/or the Exchange are granted the authority to change contract specifications as it deems appropriate or necessary, or to conform to any other applicable law, rule, or regulation that conflicts with these Rules or specifications, for any unopened contract month, as well as change contract specifications for any contract month with open interest upon approval by the CFTC.

To maintain the purpose and viability of the Futures Contract, the Board of Directors and/or the Exchange are granted the authority to change the MGEX Rules not directly affecting contract specifications at any time and implement such change as may be determined.

83.22. EMERGENCIES.

In the event of an emergency, as determined by the Exchange, the Board of Directors will have the authority and power to follow the procedures described in MGEX [Bylaw 210.02](#). The Board of Directors may delegate such powers as it deems necessary to the Executive Committee, Exchange Officer(s), or other Exchange employees.

An emergency may include, but is not limited to, events of Force Majeure, interference, interruptions, breakage of communication, accident, or any event or occurrence that is causing or may cause disruption in the marketplace.

Additionally, in the event of an emergency, the Board of Directors or its delegate(s) will have the authority and power to utilize such sources, means, or methods that it determines to be in the best interest of the Exchange and the market.

The decision of the Board of Directors, Executive Committee, Exchange Officer(s), or other Exchange employees as delegated, will be final and binding upon all parties. The Exchange will not be liable to any party because of actions and decisions taken in good faith.