



October 10, 2021

Web 2021-6

### MGEX Rulebook Update

The following updates have been made to the MGEX Rulebook:

Chapters/Section	Citation	Purpose
<b>Chapter 1</b>	Definitions	Adding definitions of Bitnomial Exchange, Bitnomial Exchange Contracts, Settlement Facility, Digital Asset.
<b>Chapter 21</b>	Index Rules 2100.00., 2100.02., 2109.03., 2109.04., 2110.00., 2112.00., 2115.00., 2119.00., and 2120.00.	Amendments to clarify scope of chapter, adjust default waterfall involving Bitnomial Products, add conditions for clearing Bitnomial Products, and update rules related to losses, recovery and assessments.
<b>Chapter 23</b>	Index Chapter 23	Adding Bitnomial Exchange Clearing Rules chapter.

These changes are available on the MGEX website at [www.mgex.com](http://www.mgex.com):

1. On the website home page, hover over the “RESOURCES” drop down menu, then select “RULES & REGULATIONS”;
2. On the Rules and Regulations page, select “MGEX RULES, REGULATIONS AND RESOLUTIONS” for the latest version of the MGEX Rulebook.

If you have any questions or problems accessing the MGEX Rulebook, please contact Jesse Marie B. Green at (612) 321-7122 or [jgreen@mgex.com](mailto:jgreen@mgex.com).

Sincerely,

Layne G. Carlson, Secretary



## CHAPTER 1 DEFINITIONS

Whenever used in the Bylaws and MGEX Rules, unless the context otherwise requires, the following words and expressions shall be defined as follows:

**ACCOMMODATION TRADE:** A simultaneous purchase and sale made with another Broker at the same price and with no risk; usually to accommodate the opposite Broker who holds orders to buy and to sell.

**AFFILIATED ENTITIES:** Two or more entities having substantially the same officers and directors, which are affiliated either (a) through the ownership of a controlling interest in the stock of one of such entities by the owner, or (b) through the ownership of a controlling interest in both of said entities by substantially the same Persons.

**BITNOMIAL EXCHANGE:** Bitnomial Exchange, LLC, a Delaware limited liability company.

**BITNOMIAL EXCHANGE CONTRACTS:** The Bitnomial Bitcoin Futures Contract, Bitnomial Deci Bitcoin Futures Contract, and Bitnomial Bitcoin Options Contract, each as described in Chapter 12 of Bitnomial Exchange rules.

**BOARD OF DIRECTORS OR BOARD:** The Board of Directors of the Exchange.

**BROKER:** Any party who, as agent, makes trades or other transactions for and in the name of another party, as principal, and who reports the name of his principal at the time of making the trade or transaction.

**BULLETIN BOARD:** The Official Bulletin Board at [www.mgex.com](http://www.mgex.com).

**BUSINESS DAY:** A day when the Exchange is open for business.

**BYLAWS:** The Bylaws of the Exchange, duly adopted by the Board of Directors.

**CALENDAR DAYS:** All days of the week or month, including Sundays and holidays.

**CALL OPTIONS:** See Chapter 15.

**CEA OR ACT:** The Commodity Exchange Act, as amended.

**CFTC OR COMMISSION:** The U.S. Commodity Futures Trading Commission.

**CHAIRPERSON:** A member of the Board of Directors elected by the Directors as the Chairperson.

**CHARTER:** The certificate of formation of the Exchange as amended from time to time.

**CLEARING HOUSE:** A department of the Exchange.

**CLEARING MEMBER:** A Person that meets the requirements of and is approved for clearing privileges with the Exchange.

**CLEARING MEMBER DEFAULT:** “Defaulting Clearing Member” or “Default of a Clearing Member” shall mean the failure of a Clearing Member to meet any of its obligations to or the requirements of the Exchange.

**CLEARING MEMBER INSOLVENCY:** “Insolvent Clearing Member” or “Insolvency of a Clearing Member” shall mean a Clearing Member will be deemed insolvent when:

1. It files a voluntary petition in bankruptcy or is adjudicated as bankrupt;
2. It becomes the subject of a receivership proceeding;
3. It fails to promptly fulfill its financial obligations to the Exchange; or
4. Satisfactory proof is made to the Exchange that it is unable to pay its debts as they are due in the ordinary course of business.

**CLOSING ORDER:** An order to be executed at the closing of the market.

**COMMISSION MERCHANT:** A Person who or which makes trades or transactions for others, but who makes such trades or transactions in his or its own name and becomes liable as principal therein.

**COMMODITY:** Any product approved and designated by the Exchange for trading or clearing pursuant to MGEX Rules.

**CROSS TRADE:** A simultaneous purchase and sale by a Broker, executing both sides of a trade involving a purchase order for one customer against a selling order of another.

**DAY ORDER:** An order which is in effect only until the close of the market session during which it is entered. Unless otherwise specified, all orders are considered to be day orders.

**DELIVERABLE GRADES:** Those grades of a commodity which, under MGEX Rules, are deliverable on Futures Contracts in this market.

**DEPARTMENT OF AUDITS AND INVESTIGATIONS:** A department of the Exchange whose primary responsibility is to conduct audits and investigations on behalf of the Exchange.

**DIGITAL ASSET:** Bitcoin and any other digital currency that is a “commodity” under the Commodity Exchange Act. For this purpose, “digital currency” means any digital representation of value or digital unit of account used as a medium of exchange and which are generally validated and logged through a network of computers on a distributed ledger.

**DISCIPLINARY COMMITTEE:** The committee which has been delegated the duty and responsibility to determine whether a reasonable basis exists for finding a violation of the

MGEX Bylaws or Rules, for authorizing the issuance of a Notice of Charges against any person or entity alleged to have violated the MGEX Bylaws or Rules, and to accept settlement offers.

**ELECTRONIC TRADING SYSTEM:** The electronic trading platform utilized by the Exchange and Market Participants to place orders and execute trades. Also known as or referred to as MGEXpress® or CME Globex®.

**EXCHANGE:** Refers to the Minneapolis Grain Exchange, LLC, also referred to as “Company” or “MGEX” and may refer to the Officers and authorized employees of the Exchange, as applicable.

**EXCHANGE ROOM:** The Room maintained by the Exchange for the transaction of business by authorized individuals and where Options Contracts are available for trading by open outcry.

**EXERCISE:** The conversions of an option into a position in the futures market. (See [Rule 1404.00](#))

**FOLLOWING DAY (or other similar expression):** The next business day.

**FORCE MAJEURE:** Any circumstance which is beyond the control of Market Participants or the Exchange. Such circumstances include, but are not limited to, acts of God or events resulting from the elements of nature, strike, lockout, blockage, embargo, governmental action or terrorist activity.

**FREIGHT BILLS:** See [Rule 1019.00](#).

**FUTURES OR FUTURES CONTRACT:** A legally binding agreement to buy or sell a Commodity for future delivery pursuant to MGEX Rules.

**FUTURES COMMISSION MERCHANT OR FCM:** An individual or entity registered as an FCM as required under the Commodities Exchange Act who or which solicits or accepts orders to buy or sell Futures Contracts or Options on Futures Contracts and accepts money or other assets from customers in connection with such orders.

**GOOD STANDING:** Having unrestricted ability to engage in business activities and in compliance with all obligations to and requirements of the Exchange, and not under suspension.

**HEARING COMMITTEE:** The committee which has been delegated the duty and responsibility to conduct hearings as requested, to adjudicate the matter and, when appropriate, to assess penalties in connection with violations of the Bylaws or MGEX Rules.

**HOURS OF TRADING:** The hours, on business days, established by MGEX Rules for trading.

**INCLUDES AND INCLUDING:** The terms "Includes" and "Including" shall not be deemed to exclude other things otherwise within the meaning of the terms defined, except as expressly stated.

**INITIAL MARGIN:** See [Rule 760.00](#).

**INTRODUCING BROKER OR IB:** An individual or entity registered as an IB as required under the Commodities Exchange Act who or which solicits or accepts orders to buy or sell Futures Contracts or Options on Futures Contracts from customers but does not accept money or other assets from customers in connection with such orders.

**LIMITED ORDER:** An order to buy at or below a specified price or to sell at or above a specified price.

**LIQUIDITY EVENT:** A Liquidity Event shall mean an event that causes the Clearing House to require financial liquidity (1) to satisfy payment obligations of an insolvent, defaulted, or suspended Clearing Member; (2) to satisfy payment obligations associated with the transfer of account(s) of an insolvent, defaulted, or suspended Clearing Member; and (3) as a result of a payment or wire transfer delay, liquidity constraint, or default by a depository or settlement bank. The decision to declare a Liquidity Event shall be in the sole discretion of the Clearing House.

**MAINTENANCE MARGIN:** See [Rule 760.00](#).

**MARKET ORDER:** An order to be executed immediately at the best price available.

**MARKET PARTICIPANT:** Any Person initiating or executing a transaction on the Exchange or subject to MGEX Bylaws or Rules directly or through an intermediary, and any Person for whose benefit such a transaction has been initiated or executed.

**MGEXPRESS®:** The name of the electronic trading platform or system utilized by the Exchange and Market Participants to place orders and execute trades. Also known as or referred to as CME Globex®.

**MGEX INFO XCHANGE:** An accessible website forum offering a public venue for registered users who are interested in discussing permitted trading and market information, as determined by the Exchange

**MIX:** Refers to the MGEX Info Xchange.

**NATIONAL FUTURES ASSOCIATION OR NFA:** An independent self-regulatory organization for the U.S. derivatives industry.

**NOTICE OF CHARGES:** Issued by the Disciplinary Committee after an affirmative finding of a violation of the MGEX Bylaws or Rules.

**ON THE EXCHANGE ("on Change"):** On the Exchange Room during the Hours of Trading.

**OPEN ORDER:** An order which will remain in effect until canceled.

**OPENING ORDER:** An order to be executed at the opening of the Market.

**OPTIONS OR OPTIONS CONTRACT:** A legally binding agreement that gives the buyer the right, but not the obligation, to buy, sell, or enter into a Futures Contract. See also Chapter 15.

**PENALTY:** Any restriction, limitation, censure, fine, expulsion, suspension, revocation, reprimand, cease and desist order, sanction or any other disciplinary action for any amount or of any definite or indefinite period imposed upon any person within the disciplinary jurisdiction of the Exchange upon finding that a violation has been committed or pursuant to the terms of the settlement agreement.

**PERSON:** Individuals, associations, partnerships, corporations, and trusts, as defined in CFTC Regulation 1.3, as amended, including limited liability companies, sole proprietorships, or other legal entities.

**PIT:** That portion of the Exchange Room designated and customarily used for trading in Futures or Options Contracts.

**PRESIDENT:** The Chief Executive Officer of the Exchange.

**PUBLIC DIRECTOR:** An individual meeting the qualifications as described in Core Principle 16, Appendix B to Part 38 of CFTC Regulations and in other Regulations promulgated by the CFTC and adopted by the Board.

**PUT OPTION:** See Chapter 15.

**REGULAR:** Any facility approved by the Exchange to deliver on a futures contract.

**RULES:** The Rules, Regulations, Resolutions, Interpretations, procedures, customs, and usages of the Exchange, duly adopted by the Board of Directors.

**SECRETARY:** The Secretary of the Exchange.

**SETTLEMENT FACILITY:** The Digital Asset delivery facility, system, or process authorized and operated by Bitnomial Exchange and associated with the trading of Bitnomial Exchange Contracts. The Settlement Facility is not licensed, approved, or registered with the CFTC.

**SINGULAR:** Shall import the plural, and vice versa, when the sense requires.

**SPREAD ORDER:** Instructions to buy one commodity and sell another. Intra-Market is to buy one delivery month and sell another delivery month of the same commodity. Inter-Market is to buy a commodity in one market and sell the same commodity in another market. e.g. Minneapolis vs Kansas City. An example of an Inter-Commodity spread might be wheat vs corn or corn vs oats.

**SPOT:** A "spot" car or truck is one that has already been loaded and is offered for sale for immediate shipment. The "Spot Market" refers to grain that is traded on this basis.

**STOP-LOSS ORDER:** Normally, when entered, these are orders to sell at a specified price which is below the current market or to buy at a specified price which is above the current market. These orders become market orders when the market trades at the trigger price or, in the case of a buying order, when the market is bid at the trigger price or, in the case of a selling order, when the market is offered at the trigger price. Stop orders entered into MGEXpress® are activated when an outright trade occurs at the trigger price or better within the outright market which the stop is resting.

**STOP-LOSS LIMIT ORDER:** An order that is similar to a Stop-Loss order except that, when triggered, it becomes a limit order at the specified limit.

**TIME, COMPUTATION OF:** Wherever in the MGEX Bylaws or Rules any act is required to be performed within a certain number of days (or business days), the Bylaw or Rule for computing time shall be to exclude the day on which notice pertaining to such act is given, and to include the day on which such act shall take place.

**TRADES:** Purchases, or sales, or contracts for the purchase or sale, of commodities.

**TRADING PERMIT:** Defined as a permit conferred by the Exchange on any Person in accordance with the Trading Permit Program.

**TRADING PERMIT PROGRAM:** A trading permit program defined by the Exchange pursuant to MGEX Bylaws.

**"TRANSFER" OR "OFFICE" TRADES:** See [Rule 718.00](#).

**TREASURER:** The Treasurer of the Exchange.

**TWENTY-FOUR HOURS--FORTY-EIGHT HOURS:** Shall mean consecutive hours on business days.

**UNEVENLY LOADED CAR:** One in which the quality of the grain requires at least two (2) grades to describe the contents, sometimes referred to as a split grade.

**U.S. GOVERNMENT SECURITIES BROKER-DEALER:** A broker-dealer registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission that functions in the operation of markets for U.S. Treasuries. Such functions may include, but are not limited to: (i) acting as a channel for the



U.S. Department of the Treasury and investors in primary market for U.S. Treasuries (for example, by participating in auctions); (ii) acting as providers of liquidity in primary and secondary markets for U.S. Treasuries; and (iii) acting as providers of asset transformation and market making services in the market for U.S. Treasuries.

**VICE CHAIRPERSON:** A member of the Board of Directors elected by the Directors as the Vice Chairperson.

**WITH THE SECRETARY:** Shall mean with the Exchange at the office of the Secretary.



## **CHAPTER 21 CLEARING HOUSE RULES**

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## CHAPTER 21 CLEARING HOUSE RULES

### 2100.00. SCOPE OF CHAPTER AND REQUIREMENTS FOR CLEARING.

For purposes of these Chapter 21 Rules, unless specifically stated otherwise, all relevant requirements and procedures set forth by the Exchange herein will apply to all contracts cleared by the Clearing House, including those executed on a different designated contract market.

All Futures or Options transactions shall be submitted to the Clearing House to be cleared. The Clearing House shall, through the process of novation, be substituted as, and assume the position of, seller to the buyer and buyer to the seller of the relevant number of Exchange or marketplace contracts upon the successful matching of trade data submitted to the Exchange by the Clearing Members on the long and short sides of a trade. Upon such substitution, each Clearing Member shall be deemed to have bought the contracts from or sold the contracts to the Clearing House, as the case may be, and the Clearing House shall have all the rights and be subject to all the liabilities of such Clearing Member with respect to such transaction. Transactions can only be offset against one another through position/trade reporting by a Clearing Member to the Clearing House.

It shall be the duty of each Clearing Member initiating, accepting or executing a transaction for Futures or Options under MGEX Rules to submit each such transaction using "TEMS" to the Clearing House. Transactions shall be submitted at times determined by the Exchange (see [Res. 2101.00.C.](#)). The transactions shall be in a format approved by the Exchange and shall contain, at a minimum, the following information:

- A. Date of transaction.
- B. Clearing Member code (two-digit alpha as assigned by the Exchange).
- C. Type of account or origin (Regular (R) or Segregated (S)).
- D. Customer type indicator (CTI) as defined below:
  - CTI 1. Transactions initiated and executed by an individual Market Participant for his/her own account, for an account he/she controls, or for an account in which he/she has ownership or financial interest.
  - CTI 2. Transactions executed for the proprietary account of a Clearing Member.
  - CTI 3. Transactions where a Market Participant executes for the personal account of another Market Participant, for an account the other Market Participant controls or for an account in which the other Market Participant has ownership or financial interest.
  - CTI 4. Any transaction not meeting the definition of CTI 1, 2 or 3.
- E. Quantity, commodity, contract month or expiration month, price or premium, whether the transaction involved a put or a call, strike price, buy or sell.
- F. Both the buying and selling Market Participant's identifier (trader ID/Member mnemonic for electronic trades, Broker ID for open outcry trades) and the opposite

Clearing Member's symbol.

- G. Transaction time to the minute.
- H. Indicators for the following types of transactions: (C) cash exchange; (T) office transfer\*; (S) spread; (D) delivery; (E) exercise; (R) risk exchange.  
  
\*For office transfers, open and close information for the position (open (O), close (C)) must be submitted.
- I. Account number and identification. (For initial set-up and new accounts, provide a listing of account name, type, and position. This information will be available to the President and designated MGEX personnel only).
- J. Any other information required by the Clearing House.

The Clearing House shall match the trades as submitted and shall list for each Clearing Member its cleared trades and unmatched trades. A recapitulation statement shall be produced, showing updated contract positions and settling all matched trades to the official settling prices. After completion of the clearing process, the Exchange shall notify each Clearing Member as to the net pay or collect amounts due by account (Regular and/or Segregated). Such amounts shall be submitted by wire transfer of funds or other acceptable method. Amounts due to the Exchange shall be submitted at times determined by the Exchange (see [Res. 2101.00.C.](#)). All clearing statements shall be disseminated by the Exchange to each Clearing Member's designated contact.

If the report of a trade by a Market Participant does not correspond to the report of the other party to the trade, the Clearing House shall reject the trade and notify both Clearing Members showing the discrepancy of the reports. The Clearing Members must thereafter submit corrections to the Clearing House at times determined by the Exchange (see [Res. 2101.00.C.](#)).

It shall be the primary responsibility of the Clearing Member to see that all trades are resolved. Each Clearing Member shall designate a person or persons to be available and responsible for reconciling the Clearing Member's unmatched trades. Failure to have a qualified representative available shall constitute negligence in the determination of responsibility for any unmatched trades.

If a Clearing Member, or one of its Affiliated Entities, has access to the Federal Reserve discount window, it shall notify the Clearing House if such access has been suspended, revoked, removed, terminated, or otherwise limited in any way as soon as practicable.

#### **2100.01. ELECTRONIC TRADING SYSTEM CLEARING.**

In addition to compliance with the applicable Rules in this Chapter, all transactions for Futures or Options traded on the Electronic Trading System shall be submitted to the Clearing House for clearing. Submission of the data shall be at times determined by and in a format approved by the Exchange.

Any trade required for clearing and entered, executed and matched by the Electronic Trading System shall be submitted for clearing.

Upon acceptance of the submitted trade data and completion of the clearing process, a recapitulation statement of all trades and positions shall be produced and sent to the respective

Clearing Member's electronic mail account.

Each Clearing Member shall be responsible for receipt and review of the recapitulation statement. The Exchange shall not be liable for the inability of a Clearing Member to receive a statement sent by the Exchange.

#### **2100.02. CLEARING PRIVILEGES.**

In order to clear trades at MGEX, a Clearing Member must be granted clearing privileges by the Exchange. The Exchange may revoke said clearing privileges for cause at any time.

Clearing privileges may be granted and retained only if and when the terms and conditions set forth below have been met:

- A. A Clearing Member must have completed and remain in compliance with the terms contained in the Application for Clearing Privileges, the Clearing Member Agreement, and the MGEX Rules.
- B. A Clearing Member must be in good financial standing and meet the minimum financial requirements as may be determined by the Exchange.
- C. A Clearing Member must have the personnel, and computer hardware and software to effectively communicate with MGEX and otherwise conduct the business of clearing in an efficient manner.
- D. If another Person(s) (individually or collectively known as the parent) owns or controls, directly or indirectly, twenty percent (20%) or more of a Clearing Member, the parent must guarantee the obligations of the Clearing Member's non-segregated accounts including those accounts held or controlled by the parent. The Exchange shall determine whether a guarantee is adequate. This requirement may be waived at the discretion of the Exchange.

In addition, a Clearing Member will only be granted clearing privileges to clear Bitnomial Exchange contracts if it meets all of the above requirements and the following terms and conditions:

- E. A Clearing Member must be registered as a futures commission merchant with the CFTC and NFA and meet all applicable requirements, including, but not limited to, requirements relating to minimum net capital, financial reporting, and recordkeeping.
- F. A Clearing Member must have completed and remain in compliance with the terms contained in the Clearing Member Agreement for Clearing Bitnomial Exchange, LLC Contracts.

#### **2100.03. CLEARING MEMBER RISK MANAGEMENT.**

All Clearing Members must maintain current written risk management policies and procedures, and ensure they are able to perform proper risk management and operational functions at all times. Upon request of the Exchange or the CFTC, the written risk management policies and procedures and other related information and documentation must be promptly made available for review.

The Exchange shall have authority to develop and implement risk control policies for customer and proprietary transactions. Further, the Exchange shall have authority to take such action, including but not limited to: imposing enhanced capital requirements, imposing enhanced margin requirements, prohibiting an increase or requiring a reduction in positions, and liquidating or transferring positions when, in the sole discretion of the Exchange, such action is necessary to effectively manage risk posed to the Exchange by a Clearing Member.

#### **2101.00. SETTLEMENT BANKS AVAILABLE FOR USE.**

The Exchange shall have the authority to approve settlement banks used by the Exchange and its Clearing Members. Each Clearing Member must maintain an account at an Exchange approved settlement bank for purposes of making daily cash settlements for variation and collateral margin with the Exchange.

#### **2102.00. ACCEPTANCE OF GIVE-UP TRADES.**

All give-up trades containing the necessary trade data pursuant to MGEX [Rule 2100.00.](#), including customer identification, quantity, and price, which are entered by the executing Clearing Member by the deadline set forth in [Resolution 2101.00.C.](#) must be accepted and transferred to the account of the carrying Clearing Member on the same business day. If the executing Clearing Member does not provide said information by the deadline, then the executing Clearing Member will retain the position until the following business day. All give-up transfer trades are due at MGEX at such time as determined by the Exchange.

#### **2103.00. ORDER OF DELIVERY.**

All balances of commodities for cash contract or cash delivery shall be made on the basis of the present Exchange Rule pertaining thereto. When deliveries are made, the oldest trades on the books shall be closed first.

#### **2104.00. DEADLINES, FEES AND FINES.**

The schedule of deadlines is subject to change at any time by the Exchange. The schedule of deadlines shall at all times be those requirements most recently adopted. The amount due for errors or any other fees charged or collected by the Exchange shall be billed on a monthly basis unless otherwise specified by the Exchange.

If the offense becomes frequent, the President or his/her designee may call for additional permanent collateral or take such other action as is deemed necessary.

Any Clearing Member making an error in his/her daily statement to the Clearing House may be fined for each error made (see [Res. 2101.00.C.](#))

##### **2104.01. CLEARING FEE.**

The Exchange shall set clearing fees from time to time and shall make such fees publicly available. The Exchange may elect to waive or modify fees. Payment of the clearing fee will be due upon receipt of invoice for the transactions (whether purchases, sales or deliveries) executed on the Exchange.



## **2105.00. SECURITY DEPOSIT.**

Each Clearing Member shall deposit with the Clearing House as security for its obligations thereto such amount as determined by the Exchange. The form of such deposit shall also be determined by the Exchange. The Exchange may change the amount and form of such deposit as necessary. Deposits may be withdrawn on written request when a Clearing Member ceases to be a Clearing Member and the Exchange has determined that all contracts and obligations with the Exchange have been settled.

## **2105.01. FUNDED FINANCIAL RESOURCES.**

The Clearing House will maintain funded financial resources sufficient to enable it to meet its financial obligations to Clearing Members notwithstanding a default by the two Clearing Members creating the largest combined loss to the Clearing House in extreme but plausible market conditions. If a Clearing Member controls another Clearing Member or is under common control with another Clearing Member, the affiliated Clearing Members will be considered a single Clearing Member for purposes of calculating financial resources under this Rule.

## **2106.00. MARGINS.**

The Exchange shall set minimum margin requirements at a level that it believes protects the interests of buyers and sellers and the Exchange. In addition, Clearing Members must identify categories of customers with heightened risk profiles, consistent with its risk management policies and procedures, and collect initial margin for each account with a heightened risk profile at a level that exceeds the clearing initial margin requirement determined by the Exchange by an amount commensurate with the risk presented by each account in accordance with CFTC Regulation 39.13(g)(8)(ii). Margin requirements are subject to change at any time but shall at all times be those requirements most recently adopted, publicly posted, and in compliance with the requirements of CFTC Regulation 39.13(g)(8), as amended.

The Exchange shall accept, as margin, cash or United States Treasury securities. Cash margin requirements shall be submitted by wire transfer of funds or other acceptable method approved by the Exchange. Cash and United States Treasury securities shall be submitted at times determined and posted by the Exchange. United States Treasury securities shall be maintained in multiples of \$1,000. The Exchange shall value securities as it deems appropriate. The President or his/her designee may, at their discretion, require of any Market Participant a margin upon any or all of such Market Participant's open trades which are deemed unduly insecure or hazardous in such amount as deemed advisable. Calls for such margin shall be paid by the Clearing Member within one business day or earlier if so requested. Further, the Exchange shall collect daily intra-day variations from Clearing Members apart from, and in addition to, any margin or daily settlement variation payments and collects.

Clearing Members called for margins under this Rule shall pay by the deadline announced by the Exchange. An extension of time for such payments can only be granted by the President or his/her designee. In such cases the extension of time so granted shall be noted on the written call, and a copy of said call shall be kept in the files of the Exchange.

Should a Clearing Member fail to deposit balances for additional margin as required in this Rule, or should the President or his/her designee deem the transaction of any Market Participant unduly insecure or hazardous, the Exchange may direct that the Market Participant close out all or a

portion of the trades, or that the Market Participant transfer all or a portion of the trades to the books of another Clearing Member, as the situation may require. If such requests are not complied with within one (1) hour, the Exchange may, with the consent of the President or his/her designee, originate orders to transfer or close out all or a portion of the Market Participant's trades, as the situation may require. Any such action shall be taken with due consideration to the positions of customers.

All differences between the contract price reported and accepted and the price at which the property may be bought or sold as a consequence of a Market Participant's failure to fulfill the obligations as set forth in this and other Rules shall be included in the measure of losses against the Market Participant so failing, and the differences shall be calculated, adjusted and settled within the time and in the manner and form determined by the Exchange.

Any financial obligations owed by a Clearing Member to the Exchange, which remain outstanding after all the Market Participant's trades have been closed out, may be satisfied through the Market Participant's security deposit with the Clearing House or such other assets, collateral or guarantees as necessary to satisfy the financial obligations.

#### **2106.01. PROTECTION OF CUSTOMER FUNDS.**

All funds deposited with the Exchange on behalf of customers of a Clearing Member shall be held in an account identifiable as "customer segregated" in accordance with the CEA and CFTC Regulation 1.20, as amended. All investment use of such funds shall comply with the investment standards of the CEA and CFTC Regulation 1.25, as amended, including, but not limited to, concentration limits and permitted investments.

#### **2106.02. PROPRIETARY ACCOUNT MINIMUM LIQUIDATION PERIOD.**

With respect to Clearing Member proprietary positions, the Clearing House will ensure performance bond requirements are calculated and collected using a liquidation period of not less than two days calculated on a net basis. This Rule does not apply to positions in agricultural commodity derivative contracts that meet the exclusion criteria established in Article 2 of the European Commission's Implementing Decision 2016/377, dated March 15, 2016.

#### **2106.03. MEASURES TO MITIGATE PROCYCLICALITY.**

The Clearing House will establish performance bond requirements designed to limit the likelihood of procyclical changes in such requirements and mitigate costly and disruptive adjustments to performance bond requirements in periods of high market volatility. When calculating performance bond requirements, the Clearing House will include measures designed to limit procyclicality that are equivalent to at least one of the options listed in Article 1, paragraph 2(b) of the European Commission's Implementing Decision 2016/377, dated March 15, 2016. This Rule does not apply to positions in agricultural commodity derivative contracts that meet the exclusion criteria established in Article 2 of the European Commission's Implementing Decision 2016/377, dated March 15, 2016.

#### **2107.00. FINALITY OF SETTLEMENT.**

Provided there are no accounting and/or clerical errors, payments of funds or transfer of funds to and from MGEX, including, but not limited to, intraday and end of day variation, margin payments and security deposits, are final and unconditional when effected and cannot be reversed.

## 2108.00. LIQUIDITY EVENT.

In order to satisfy CFTC Regulations and prudential liquidity standards, the Exchange has established this Rule.

In the event the Clearing House is unable to obtain sufficient funds and liquidity to promptly meet same day settlement and payment through such means, the Clearing House may declare the occurrence of a Liquidity Event. In such an event, the Clearing House has the authority in its sole discretion to take the following actions, in the order listed, to secure same day liquidity:

- A. Substitution of Guaranty Fund Cash.** The Clearing House may substitute the cash deposited by one or more Clearing Members in a guaranty fund with U.S. Treasuries deposited as performance bond or guaranty fund by the Clearing Member(s) that is(are) the initiating cause of the Liquidity Event. The amount of cash substituted shall be equivalent to U.S. Treasuries at a haircutted market value (determined by the Clearing House as of the prior day's close of business utilizing a recognized third party source). Any U.S. Treasuries transferred pursuant to this Rule shall be applied as a guaranty fund deposit on behalf of any such Clearing Member whose cash was substituted and will be allocated pro rata among any Clearing Members with cash deposits who are not the initiating cause of the Liquidity Event. The substitution of U.S. Treasuries for the Clearing Member's guaranty fund deposit will be limited to the size of the Clearing Member's guaranty fund deposit at the time of the Liquidity Event. For any substitution of U.S. Treasuries for cash in a guaranty fund, the impacted Clearing Member may, within 24 hours of substitution, request that the Clearing House replace the cash within 29 business days of the date of the substitution. Any Clearing Member requesting cash replacement will receive the original amount of cash deposited and accessed by the Clearing House, regardless of the value of cash received by the Clearing House upon liquidation of the U.S. Treasuries.
- B. Substitution of Performance Bond Cash:** The Clearing House may substitute the cash deposited by one or more Clearing Members as performance bond with U.S. Treasuries held as collateral by the Clearing House. The amount of cash substituted shall be equivalent to the U.S. Treasuries at a haircutted market value (determined by the Clearing House as of the prior day's close of business utilizing a recognized third party source). Any U.S. Treasuries transferred pursuant to this Rule shall be applied as a performance bond deposit on behalf of any such Clearing Member whose cash was substituted and will be allocated pro rata among any Clearing Members with cash deposits. The substitution of U.S. Treasuries for the Clearing Member's performance bond held by the Exchange will be limited to the size of the Clearing Member's performance bond at the time of the Liquidity Event. For any substitution of U.S. Treasuries for cash as performance bond, the impacted Clearing Member may, within 24 hours of substitution, request that the Clearing House replace the cash within 29 business days of the date of the substitution. Any Clearing Member requesting cash replacement will receive the original amount of cash deposited and accessed by the Clearing House, regardless of the value of cash received by the Clearing House upon liquidation of the U.S. Treasuries.

In order to ensure the Clearing House can obtain sufficient cash from the above paragraphs, the Clearing House may notify any Clearing Member that is a U.S. Government Securities Broker-Dealer or has a U.S. Government Securities Broker-

Dealer affiliate to replace its non-cash performance bond assets with cash within 60 minutes from the time of notification. To the extent that a Clearing Member(s) fails to provide cash within 60 minutes or the request occurs after 3:00 p.m. Central Time, the Clearing House may debit cash from that Clearing Member's settlement bank account in the amount of the Clearing Member's non-cash performance bond assets.

- C. Transfer or Disbursement of Collateral as Compensation for Portfolio Auction, Sale, or Transfer.** In lieu of satisfying a payment owed from any auction, sale, or transfer of an insolvent, defaulted, or suspended Clearing Member's or customer's portfolio in cash to an auction winner, purchaser, or transferee, the Clearing House may satisfy such payment owed to such persons by transferring Federal Reserve discount window eligible securities with a haircutted market value (determined by the Clearing House as of the prior day's close of business utilizing a recognized third party source) equal to the amount of such obligation.

#### **2108.01. REQUIREMENT TO ESTABLISH UNCOMMITTED REPURCHASE AGREEMENT.**

Each Clearing Member that is a U.S. Government Securities Broker-Dealer or has a U.S. Government Securities Broker-Dealer affiliate shall, if required by MGEX, enter into (or arrange for such affiliate to enter into) a master repurchase agreement with MGEX on terms substantially similar to those set forth by the Clearing House.

#### **2109.00. CLEARING MEMBER FINANCIAL EMERGENCY.**

If at any time the Exchange, in its sole discretion, determines that there is a substantial question as to whether a financial emergency exists or may exist with respect to any Clearing Member, or that the Clearing Member is no longer in Good Standing, the Exchange may suspend or take any other action to protect the best interests of the marketplace, Clearing Members or the Exchange.

The Exchange shall have no liability regarding its use of the discretionary power described herein; neither shall the Exchange be liable for actions taken pursuant to MGEX Rules, procedures, or actions allowed by law.

#### **2109.01. CLEARING MEMBER INSOLVENCY.**

If a Clearing Member becomes insolvent, the Insolvent Clearing Member, as such term is defined in Chapter 1, must immediately notify the Exchange of such insolvency. The Insolvency of a Clearing Member shall be announced by the Exchange and thereupon such Clearing Member shall be deemed automatically Suspended. When Suspended, the Exchange may permit the Clearing Member to continue limited operations for the purpose of transferring or liquidating positions, or otherwise mitigating losses. If a Clearing Member becomes insolvent or for other reasons is Suspended, the officers, owners or partners who are Market Participants of the Exchange may also be Suspended by the Exchange.

When an Insolvent Clearing Member is Suspended, the Exchange may exercise any or all of its rights under MGEX Rules.

#### **2109.02. PROTECTION OF CLEARING HOUSE: DEFAULT BY A CLEARING MEMBER.**

If a Clearing Member fails promptly to discharge any obligation to MGEX, its security deposits, its

margins and performance bonds on deposit with MGEX, its collateral, and any of its other assets available to the Exchange shall be applied by the Exchange to discharge the obligation, provided that MGEX will not apply any collateral held in segregated customer accounts to any payment obligations arising from a default in a Clearing Member's proprietary account. Further, the Exchange may make immediate demand upon any guarantor of the Clearing Member. Upon demand and without waiting for application of all available assets of the Clearing Member or a formal accounting, such guarantor shall pay the Exchange by the time and date set by MGEX. Upon a Clearing Member Default, the Exchange may act immediately to attempt to transfer to alternate Clearing Members all customer positions and associated collateral (collateral held by the Exchange on behalf of the Defaulting Clearing Member for its customer if permitted).

If a default occurs in a segregated customer account, then the Exchange has the right to liquidate and apply toward the default all open positions and customer performance bond deposits in the account of the Defaulting Clearing Member. Accordingly, positions and collateral deposited by customers not causing the default are at risk if there is a default in their Clearing Member's segregated customer account. Following a default in a segregated customer account, MGEX can apply any excess proprietary funds and assets of the Defaulting Clearing Member. The Exchange shall be under no obligation to forward any variation pays or settlement funds to a Defaulting Clearing Member.

In addition to application of the available assets of the Defaulting Clearing Member (the priority of which is further described in Rule 2109.03.), the Exchange, President, Treasurer, Chief Risk Officer, or other designee may take any other actions that it determines necessary to protect MGEX or other Clearing Members. Such actions include, but are not limited to, actions authorized elsewhere within the MGEX Rules, the suspension of clearing privileges until revoked or reinstated by the Board or its designee, pursuit of legal action, retention of variation pays and settlement funds, and request for additional security deposit and/or performance bonds. The detailed implementation of the process of finalizing losses with respect to a Clearing Member Default, including the liquidation, allocation, auction or sale of positions or assets of the Defaulting Clearing Member shall be conducted by the Exchange in its sole discretion.

The Exchange, Board, committees, officers or employees, and any qualified third party, including another Clearing Member, authorized by the Exchange to act in the place of the Defaulting Clearing Member shall have no liability arising from a failure by a Clearing Member to discharge its liabilities; neither shall they be liable for actions taken pursuant to MGEX Rules, procedures, or actions allowed by law. The appointment of a qualified third party does not absolve a Defaulting Clearing Member of any of its obligations, and the actions of such qualified third party will be binding upon the Defaulting Clearing Member. Neither the Board, committees, the Exchange, nor any of its officers, directors, or employees, shall be liable for any losses, damages, or costs, including direct, indirect, incidental, and consequential damages, arising out of the performance or decisions of the qualified third party or Defaulting Clearing Member.

The Exchange may establish such procedures as necessary which prescribe in detail how the protections under the MGEX Rules will operate. Such procedures shall constitute part of the MGEX Rules.

### **2109.03. LOSSES BORNE BY MGEX: APPLICATION OF FUNDS.**

The Exchange will establish and maintain one guaranty fund with two separate tranches that reflect relative contributions from different product classes to the guaranty fund. Each Clearing Member that is approved by MGEX to clear products traded on the Exchange (such products, the "MGEX

Products”) must make a deposit as security for its obligations to the Clearing House in accordance with the requirements of Rule 2105.00. to the MGEX tranche of the guaranty fund (the “MGEX Tranche”). In addition, when required by MGEX, each Clearing Member that is approved by MGEX to clear products traded on Bitnomial Exchange (such products, the “Bitnomial Products”) must make a deposit as security for its obligations to the Clearing House in accordance with the requirements of Rule 2105.00. to the Bitnomial tranche of the guaranty fund (the “Bitnomial Tranche”). Such security deposits will be in an amount determined by the Clearing House. The Clearing House will give each Clearing Member a report setting forth such Clearing Member’s proportionate share in each tranche, as applicable.

Should MGEX bear a loss resulting from the insolvency or Default of a Clearing Member, then such loss shall be met by applying the funds listed below. In addition and for the avoidance of doubt, Clearing Members are responsible for bearing any loss of funds or collateral associated with the failure or insolvency of a depository or settlement bank, and should a Clearing Member Default as a result of such bank failure or insolvency, MGEX will use the funds listed below. For the avoidance of doubt, any such default will be a default to the Clearing House regardless of product class.

If the security deposits, margins, performance bonds, guarantees and other assets of a Defaulting Clearing Member are insufficient to satisfy all of its obligations to MGEX, including all claims against the Exchange by reason of its substitution for that Clearing Member pursuant to Rule 701.00., the Exchange shall nonetheless pay all such claims, which shall be deemed a loss (hereinafter “Loss”) to it and which shall be a liability of the Defaulting Clearing Member to the Exchange, which the Exchange may collect from the assets of such Clearing Member available to it or by process of law. A Loss may also be an uncovered credit loss. The definition of a Loss includes, but is not limited to, any amounts associated with the liquidation, transfer, and other costs related to managing the Default of a Clearing Member.

Following the insolvency or Default of a Clearing Member, if the collateral of the Defaulting Clearing Member is insufficient to satisfy the Loss associated with the default, the Clearing House will first attempt to isolate the Loss to the associated tranche, if applicable, as set forth below. However, in the event the Defaulted Clearing Member is approved to clear both MGEX Products and Bitnomial Products, the assets of both tranches will be accessible by the Clearing House, as detailed below. MGEX will use funds in the order of priority listed, with each source of funds to be completely exhausted, to the extent practical, before the next source is applied. While such application of funds shall be mandatory, the detailed implementation of this Rule shall be the responsibility of the Exchange.

If the Defaulted Clearing Member is only approved to clear MGEX Products:

- A. Excess funds of the Defaulting Clearing Member, including any partial payment amounts, settlement funds, or variation gains.
- B. Security deposits of the Defaulting Clearing Member.
- C. Margins and performance bonds of the Defaulting Clearing Member on deposit with MGEX, payments made by a guarantor of the Defaulting Clearing Member, and any other assets of the Defaulting Clearing Member.
- D. Such assets of the MGEX Clearing House reserve fund.
- E. Security deposits of non-defaulting Clearing Members made to the MGEX Tranche

shall be applied toward meeting a loss in direct proportion to the total security deposit requirement of each Clearing Member to the MGEX Tranche.

- F. Such surplus funds of the Exchange as may be in excess of funds necessary for normal business operations. No such surplus shall be assumed until approved by the Executive Committee or the Board.

If the Defaulted Clearing Member is only approved to clear Bitnomial Products:

- A. Excess funds of the Defaulting Clearing Member, including any partial payment amounts, settlement funds, or variation pays.
- B. Security deposits of the Defaulting Clearing Member.
- C. Margins and performance bonds of the Defaulting Clearing Member on deposit with MGEX, payments made by a guarantor of the Defaulting Clearing Member, and any other assets of the Defaulting Clearing Member.
- D. Such assets of the Clearing House reserve fund approved by the Board.
- E. Security deposits of non-defaulting Clearing Members made to the Bitnomial Tranche shall be applied toward meeting a loss in direct proportion to the total security deposit requirement of each Clearing Member to the Bitnomial Tranche.

Notwithstanding the prioritization of funds being applied in the order listed above, should the funds of one tranche be insufficient to cover a Loss, the funds in the remaining tranche will be available, in their entirety, to the Clearing House to satisfy the Loss.

If the Defaulted Clearing Member is approved to clear both MGEX Products and Bitnomial Products:

- A. Excess funds of the Defaulting Clearing Member, including any partial payment amounts, settlement funds, or variation pays.
- B. Security deposits of the Defaulting Clearing Member.
- C. Margins and performance bonds of the Defaulting Clearing Member on deposit with MGEX, payments made by a guarantor of the Defaulting Clearing Member, and any other assets of the Defaulting Clearing Member.
- D. Such assets of the MGEX Clearing House reserve fund.
- E. Security deposits of non-defaulting Clearing Members shall be applied toward meeting a loss in direct proportion to the total security deposit requirement of each Clearing Member for each tranche. MGEX will first apply security deposits from each tranche to the loss calculated for the products within that tranche. Should the loss in one tranche exceed the security deposits available within the same tranche, MGEX will apply the remaining security deposits of any tranche to the remaining loss.
- F. Such surplus funds of the Exchange as may be in excess of funds necessary for normal business operations. No such surplus shall be assumed until approved by



the Executive Committee or the Board.

In the event that a Clearing Member Default necessitates the application of these funds, Clearing Members must make good any deficiency in security deposits or margins and performance bonds pursuant to the requirements and deadlines set forth in MGEX Rule 2109.05.

The Exchange may borrow such funds or draw such funds as necessary against any line of credit at any time for such purposes under this Rule to cover any obligations or losses of the Exchange. Any borrowing of funds shall not relieve any Clearing Member from their obligations under this and other Rules or from the application of their security deposits.

The Exchange may obtain and maintain any default insurance. Such insurance shall inure to and shall be for the sole benefit of the Exchange. Proceeds from any default insurance, and the right to any proceeds, shall be paid to and belong solely to the Exchange.

#### **2109.04. MANAGEMENT OF DEFAULT AND SUBSEQUENT CLEARING CYCLES.**

As of the clearing cycle in which a default occurs, the Clearing House shall aggregate the following assets: any partial payment amounts, settlement funds, variation pays, any excess security deposits, any excess margins and performance bond from the prior clearing cycle, and any other available assets of the insolvent or Defaulted Clearing Member. Such assets shall be allocated first to any net settlement variation payment obligation of the Defaulting Clearing Member to the Clearing House. If the funds are not sufficient to satisfy the Clearing Member's settlement variation payment obligations for the default cycle, then the Clearing House shall apply the funds to such Clearing House obligations, pro rata relative to the size of such Clearing House obligations. If the Clearing House is unable to satisfy a settlement variation payment obligation from such assets, the deficiency shall be a Loss that the Clearing House shall satisfy pursuant to the procedures set forth in this Chapter 21. Any excess margin, if applicable, and variation pays to the Defaulting Clearing Member during subsequent clearing cycles shall be added to the available funds, and the Clearing House shall apply such collateral to the Defaulting Clearing Member's payment obligations. For the avoidance of doubt, the Clearing House shall not use customer funds and margins to satisfy a payment obligation to the Clearing House in respect of the Defaulting Clearing Member's proprietary account.

#### **2109.05. COLLATERAL TO BE RESTORED.**

In the event it shall become necessary to apply all or part of a Clearing Member's security deposits or margins and performance bonds to meet obligations of MGEX pursuant to MGEX Rules, the Clearing Member shall immediately make good any such deficiency in security deposits or margins and performance bonds, by wire or other acceptable method, within two (2) hours of notice of any deficiency being delivered to Clearing Members. If a Clearing Member pays such assessment by wire and the wire transfer service is not open or operational at the time notice is sent, payment is due within one (1) hour on the next business day that the wire transfer service is open and operational. In the event of the insolvency or default of a depository or settlement bank, Clearing Members shall comply with any further instructions provided by MGEX regarding the restoration of such collateral.

#### **2110.00. CLEARING MEMBERS: ASSESSMENTS.**

Losses (as defined in [Rule 2109.03.](#)) shall first be satisfied by applying the funds in the order of priority listed in [Rule 2109.03.](#) The balance of any Losses remaining, in any tranche, after the



application of such funds shall be assessed against Clearing Members (excluding any Insolvent or Defaulting Clearing Members) in direct proportion to the Clearing Members' total security deposit requirement for that tranche. Should the Loss in one tranche exceed the assessments to Clearing Members in the tranche producing the Loss, the remaining Loss will be assessed to Clearing Members from any remaining tranche. Each Clearing Member (excluding any Insolvent or Defaulting Clearing Member) shall be subject to an assessment of up to an amount that does not exceed (i) a total of three (3) times such Clearing Member's total security deposit requirement at the time of the default with respect to Losses that are attributed to the default of a single Clearing Member and (ii) a total of six (6) times such Clearing Member's total security deposit requirement at the time of the default with respect to Losses that are attributed to the default of multiple Clearing Members during a Cooling Off Period (as defined in [Rule 2113.00](#) below). Non-defaulting Clearing Members shall take no actions, including but not limited to, attempting to obtain a court order that would interfere with the ability of the Clearing House to collect and apply such assessments.

Each Clearing Member shall pay any assessment made pursuant to this Rule by wire or other method acceptable to MGEX within two (2) hours of the notice of the assessment being delivered to Clearing Members. If a Clearing Member pays such assessment by wire and the wire transfer service is not open or operational at the time notice is sent, payment is due within one (1) hour on the next business day that the wire transfer service is open and operational. Any Clearing Member that does not satisfy an assessment shall be in default, and any Loss that occurs as a result of such default shall itself be assessed by MGEX to non-defaulting Clearing Members. In the event that the amount of assessments received exceeds the amount of the Loss, the Clearing House will return such excess funds as soon as practicable.

If a Clearing Member has made payments of all assessed amounts and has replenished any deficiency in its security deposits or margin and performance bonds in accordance with Rule 2109.05., it may withdraw as a Clearing Member by giving written notice to and receiving approval from the Exchange.

#### **2111.00. VOLUNTARY CONTRIBUTIONS.**

At any time following a Default that causes a Loss (as defined in [Rule 2109.03.](#)) or liquidity shortfall, the Exchange may seek voluntary contributions from Clearing Members and Market Participants. The Exchange may specify acceptable methods of making a voluntary contribution to the Clearing House. Any contributions made by a Clearing Member to the Clearing House will not relieve such Clearing Member of their obligations under any other MGEX Rules.

#### **2112.00. HAIRCUT SETTLEMENT CYCLES.**

If one or more Clearing Members Default and the assets available to cover the default, including the funds described in the preceding Rules, are insufficient to satisfy the Loss (as defined in [Rule 2109.03.](#)) and obligations of the Clearing House as a result of such default, then the Board of Directors may approve of and direct the Clearing House to modify settlement cycles in accordance with this Rule and CFTC regulations.

Following Board approval, the Clearing House shall issue a notice and conduct a settlement cycle for all contracts to determine settlement prices for such contracts and the net portfolio gain or loss for each house and customer portfolio:

- A. The net portfolio gain of a Clearing Member (a "collect"), or the net portfolio loss of a Clearing Member to the Clearing House (a "pay"), shall be determined separately for

(i) its proprietary positions in contracts cleared by the Exchange (a “Proprietary Collect” or a “Proprietary Pay”), and (ii) the net positions of its customers in contracts cleared by the Exchange (collectively, a “Customer Collect” or a “Customer Pay”).

- B. The Clearing House shall determine and calculate the sum of (i) the amount of each non-defaulted Clearing Member’s remaining payment obligations, if any, with respect to assessments levied by MGEX; (ii) any other remaining available funds or collateral; (iii) all Proprietary Pays to be received by MGEX; and (iv) all Customer Pays to be received by MGEX, and deduct the amount of any uncovered Loss (the resulting amount, the “Aggregate Available Funds”).
- C. The Clearing House shall then notify each Clearing Member of the amount of its remaining assessments (if any), Proprietary Pay, and Customer Pay, and each Clearing Member shall pay all such amounts no later than the time required for the relevant settlement cycle. If a Clearing Member does not make such payment to the Clearing House, such Clearing Member will be in default and the Exchange may take any of the actions specified elsewhere in the MGEX Rules with respect to such Clearing Member and its customers.
- D. If the amount of Aggregate Available Funds received by the Clearing House exceeds the sum of all Proprietary Collects and Customer Collects, the Clearing House shall calculate reimbursements of, and distribute, the excess funds to Clearing Members in the reverse order funds were previously paid to the Exchange, provided the Loss (as defined in Rule 2109.03.) has been fully addressed. Such reimbursements will be distributed pro rata to Clearing Members. The Clearing House may also determine a maximum amount to pay back for closed positions that may be included in the aggregate collects, based upon existing facts and circumstances that it deems appropriate to mitigate further disruptions to the markets.
- E. If the sum of all Proprietary Collects and Customer Collects exceeds the amount of Aggregate Available Funds received, including any voluntary contributions received, then the following procedures will apply:
  - 1. The Clearing House shall haircut the amount of each Proprietary Collect and Customer Collect on a pro rata basis for the current, and each successive, settlement cycle for the next two (2) Business Days, unless a Bankruptcy Event (as defined in Rule 2121.00.) has occurred, to equal the amount of Aggregate Available Funds received relative to the Proprietary Collect and Customer Collect (such process, a “Variation Margin Gains Haircut”). The Clearing House will haircut Customer Collects at the customer account level of each Clearing Member, and each Clearing Member will allocate such haircut pro rata among its customers with net portfolio gains for the relevant settlement cycle.
  - 2. After considering the existing facts and circumstances and the interests of MGEX’s Clearing Members and customers, the Risk Management Committee, in consultation with MGEX’s Risk Team, may instruct the Clearing House to extend or reduce the number of days during which

Variation Margin Gains Haircuts are applied by one or two Business Days. In no event may the Clearing House conduct Variation Margin Gains Haircuts for longer than five (5) Business Days.

3. Absent a Bankruptcy Event, for each settlement cycle conducted in accordance with these procedures, the Clearing House shall pay the haircutted Proprietary Collects and Customer Collects as soon as practicable after receipt of the Aggregate Available Funds.
4. If a Bankruptcy Event occurs following a Clearing Member Default on a day during which Variation Margin Gains Haircuts are applied to settlement cycles, then on such day, the Clearing House will conduct a final settlement cycle which will also be subject to a Variation Margin Gains Haircut. The price determined in accordance with such settlement cycle will be used as the price for close-out netting in MGEX Rule 2121.00.

#### **2113.00. COOLING OFF PERIOD AND MULTIPLE DEFAULTS.**

The provisions set forth in this Chapter apply with respect to each default by a Clearing Member. If more than one Clearing Member Default occurs at a time or in close sequence, including a default that occurs by reason of a Clearing Member's failure to satisfy an assessment demand, the Clearing House shall manage the defaults separately. Upon any default, during the Cooling Off Period, non-defaulted Clearing Members shall be subject to a maximum obligation to pay assessments as set forth in Rule 2110.00. These maximums shall apply from the date of the original default until the later of (i) the fifth Business Day thereafter and (ii) if another Clearing Member defaults during the five (5) Business Days following the initial or any subsequent default, the fifth Business Day following the last such default (such period, the "Cooling Off Period"), regardless of the number of defaults that occur during such Cooling Off Period.

The aggregate maximum contribution that may be required pursuant to Rule 2110.00. for the Cooling Off Period shall be based upon each Clearing Member's total security deposit requirement in effect at the commencement of the Cooling Off Period. The maximum does not limit Clearing Members' obligations to restore their security deposit contributions or margins and performance bonds as set forth in Rule 2109.05. Following a Cooling Off Period, the Clearing House shall notify each Clearing Member of its security deposit obligation and its assessment exposure.

#### **2114.00. PARTIAL TEAR-UPS.**

At any time following a Clearing Member Default or other Loss (as defined in [Rule 2109.03.](#)), the Clearing House may issue notice to Clearing Members and Market Participants providing an opportunity for them to voluntarily agree to have one or more proprietary contracts or, with a customer's consent, to agree to have one or more of each of such customer's contracts that are opposite the remaining open positions of the Defaulted Clearing Member, extinguished by the Clearing House. In addition, the Exchange may elect to tear-up defaulted positions within a Defaulted Clearing Member's portfolio.

At any time following a Clearing Member Default or other Loss (as defined in [Rule 2109.03.](#)), the Risk Management Committee may instruct the Clearing House to extinguish a portion of the remaining open positions of the Defaulted Clearing Member through a partial tear-up of proprietary and customer positions of non-defaulted Clearing Members and non-defaulted customers of the

Defaulted Clearing Member. A partial tear-up may include, but is not limited to, a line-by-line tear-up against the remaining open positions of the Defaulted Clearing Member. In such event, the Risk Management Committee will determine the appropriate scope of each partial tear-up in accordance with the following procedures. The Risk Management Committee will first determine whether a partial tear-up is appropriate or whether the Exchange should instead move immediately to a full termination of all contracts, taking into consideration any recommendation by the Board of Directors. Such determination, and any recommendation, will (i) be based upon then existing facts and circumstances; (ii) support the integrity of the Clearing House and the stability of the financial system; (iii) take into consideration the interests of Clearing Members and Market Participants; and (iv) aim to extinguish the Defaulted Clearing Member's open proprietary and customer positions and any additional positions deemed necessary to mitigate further disruptions to the markets affected by the remaining open positions of the Defaulted Clearing Member.

If any proprietary or customer positions of a Defaulted Clearing Member remain open following the last Variation Margin Gains Haircut settlement cycle, then the Clearing House will conduct a partial tear-up process of proprietary and customer positions of non-defaulted Clearing Members and non-defaulted customers of the Defaulted Clearing Member, provided that the Risk Management Committee determine the appropriate scope of the tear-up in accordance with the considerations set forth above and any recommendations by the Board of Directors. A partial tear-up may include, but is not limited to, a line-by-line tear-up against the remaining open positions of the Defaulted Clearing Member. In this situation, the Clearing House would proportionately extinguish contracts held by non-defaulted Clearing Members, their non-defaulted customers, and the non-defaulted customers of the Defaulted Clearing Member that are opposite the Defaulted Clearing Member's remaining open positions relative to the size of such remaining open positions.

#### **2115.00. TERMINATION OF CONTRACTS.**

In the event that the Board of Directors mandates a full tear-up of contracts or if, after taking any or all of the measures allowed in this Chapter to address a Clearing Member Default or Insolvency, the Clearing House determines that it still will not be able to satisfy all Losses (as defined in [Rule 2109.03.](#)) or cover a settlement variation payment obligation when due (without expectation of accessing funds that would permit it to cover such payment obligation), then the Clearing House will terminate all contracts in accordance with these procedures. As soon as reasonably practicable and in a manner consistent with the CEA and CFTC Regulations (including, without limitation Part 190 of the Regulations, if applicable), the Exchange will fix a U.S. dollar amount to be paid to or received from the Clearing House in respect of all contracts to be terminated by conducting a haircut settlement cycle (as described in [Rule 2112.00.](#)) to determine a final settlement price for all open contracts.

Upon the completion of payments, all contracts shall be extinguished, and the Clearing House shall have no further access to funds or collateral with respect to such contracts or clearing activity of a non-Defaulting Clearing Member. Clearing Members, their affiliates, and their customers shall have no claim against the Exchange with respect to losses suffered as a result of the application of MGEX Rules, nor shall any beneficial holder of a contract have any claim against its non-defaulting Clearing Member.

#### **2116.00. DETAILS OF IMPLEMENTATION AND AUCTIONS.**

While adherence to the provisions of the above MGEX Rules is mandatory, the detailed implementation of the process of finalizing Losses with respect to a default, including the liquidation, auction, tear-up, or sale of positions or assets of the Defaulting Clearing Member, shall be

conducted by the Clearing House or the MGEX Risk Team. A Loss includes, but is not limited to, any amounts associated with the liquidation, transfer, and other costs related to managing the Default of a Clearing Member. In order to ensure that the process for liquidating open contracts results in competitive pricing, to the extent feasible under market conditions at the time of liquidation, liquidation of open contracts held for a house account or customer account of a Defaulting Clearing Member may occur by one or more of the following methods: (i) book entry that offsets open contracts on the books of the Defaulting Clearing Member; (ii) liquidation in the open market; and/or (iii) one or more private auctions amongst qualified market participants invited by the Clearing House to submit confidential bids. The Clearing House shall have discretion to select the best bid submitted for any portfolio in an auction, based on the totality of the circumstances, and no bid shall be binding upon MGEX unless accepted by it.

In the event that identical customer contracts are liquidated in the open market on the same date but cannot be liquidated at the same price, unless the Clearing House determines that it would be inappropriate, a weighted average of the liquidation prices for such contracts shall be used in determining the value of the liquidated contracts for each such customer. In the event that open contracts of multiple customers are liquidated in a bulk auction, the net proceeds of such auction shall be allocated on a pro rata basis amongst the affected customers based upon their applicable performance bond requirements for the clearing cycle immediately prior to the default.

#### **2117.00. USE OF CUSTOMER GROSS MARGIN FILES.**

Unless otherwise expressly agreed to by the Exchange, in the event of a Clearing Member or customer default, insolvency, or other financial emergency, the Exchange shall use and rely upon the customer gross margin files reported daily by Clearing Members to determine the amount of a customer's pledged margin, associated with open positions, held at the Clearing House. The Exchange shall not be held liable to any party for its reliance upon and use of the customer gross margin files reported to MGEX.

#### **2118.00. NO ACTION; LIMITATION OF LIABILITY.**

Non-defaulting Clearing Members shall take no actions, including but not limited to, attempting to obtain a court order that would interfere with the ability of the Clearing House to collect and apply assets and proceeds in accordance with any MGEX Rules.

The liability of the Exchange shall be limited to losses resulting from the substitution of the Clearing House upon contracts between Clearing Members. The Exchange shall not be liable for any other obligations, including but not limited to, obligations of a non-Clearing Member, obligations of a Clearing Member to a Market Participant, obligations of a Clearing Member to another Clearing Member of the Clearing House who is acting for him as broker, or obligations to a customer by a Clearing Member; nor shall the Exchange become liable to make deliveries to or accept deliveries from a customer of its Clearing Members.

#### **2119.00. RECOVERY OF LOSS.**

If the Exchange later recovers any amounts accessed or contributed to cover a Loss (as defined in [Rule 2109.03.](#)), the net amount of such recovery shall be credited to non-defaulted Clearing Members (whether or not they are Clearing Members at the time of recovery) and Market Participants, as applicable, in the following order on a pro rata basis based on: (i) the amount of such Clearing Members and Market Participants' voluntary contributions made pursuant to [Rule 2111.00.](#); (ii) the amount of such Clearing Members' (and their customers' if applicable) aggregate

Variation Margin Gains Haircuts made pursuant to [Rule 2112.00.](#); (iii) the amount of such Clearing Members' assessments utilized by the Exchange pursuant to [Rule 2110.00.](#); and (iv) the amount of such Clearing Members' security deposits utilized by the Exchange pursuant to [Rule 2109.03.](#) (in the reverse order accessed and if necessary, on a pro rata basis).

Any amount remaining after making the above reimbursements may be utilized first to repay any line of credit funds previously accessed. Any other remaining funds will be credited to the MGEX Clearing House reserve fund utilized with respect to the default.

#### **2120.00. LIMITED RECOURSE AND NON-PETITION.**

If a Bankruptcy Event occurs (as defined in Rule 2121.00.), Clearing Members and Market Participants will have no recourse to any other funds or any other entity, including without limitation the Exchange and its Clearing House or any of its directors, officers, or employees. Notwithstanding the foregoing, Clearing Members, for both their proprietary positions and their customers' positions, and non-defaulted customers of Defaulted Clearing Members may have a claim on any recovery from the Defaulted Clearing Member in the amount of the aggregate Variation Margin Gains Haircuts applied to such positions. If recovery from the Defaulted Clearing Member is less than the aggregate Variation Margin Gains Haircuts applied, non-defaulted Clearing Members and their customers and the non-defaulted customers of the Defaulted Clearing Member will share pro rata in any recovery.

No Clearing Member and no customer of a Clearing Member shall institute against, or join any other person in instituting against, the Exchange any bankruptcy, reorganization, arrangement, insolvency, moratorium, liquidation or examinership proceedings, or other similar proceedings under U.S. federal or state bankruptcy laws or other applicable law arising out of any claimed default by the Clearing House on a contract as a result of the termination of such contract and related payments in accordance with these Rules.

#### **2121.00. CLOSE-OUT NETTING AND OFFSET.**

If at any time the Exchange (i) institutes or has instituted against it a proceeding seeking a judgment of insolvency or bankruptcy or any other relief under any bankruptcy or insolvency law or other similar law affecting creditors' rights, or a petition is presented for its winding up or liquidation, and, in the case of any such proceeding or petition presented against it, such proceeding or petition results in a judgment of insolvency or bankruptcy or the entry of an order for relief or the making of an order for the Exchange's winding-up or liquidation, or (ii) approves resolutions authorizing any proceeding or petition described in clause (i) above (collectively, a "Bankruptcy Event"), all open positions in the Clearing House shall be closed promptly.

If at any time the Exchange fails to comply with an undisputed obligation to pay money or deliver property to a Clearing Member that is due and owing in connection with a transaction cleared by the Exchange, for a period of five (5) Business Days from the date that the Exchange receives notice from the Clearing Member of the past due obligation, the Clearing Member's open proprietary and customer positions at the Clearing House shall, at the election of that Clearing Member, be closed promptly. For the avoidance of doubt, in the event the Clearing House conducts any Variation Margin Gains Haircut settlement cycles, such haircutted funds will not constitute an undisputed Exchange obligation under this Rule, and MGEX will have no obligation to repay such amounts other than as provided for in Rule 2119.00.

At such time as a Clearing Member's positions are closed:



- A. The obligations of the Clearing House to such Clearing Member with respect to the Clearing Member's proprietary positions, accounts, collateral, and security deposits shall be netted against the obligations of such Clearing Member to the Clearing House and to the Exchange in respect of its proprietary positions, accounts, collateral, guarantees of the performance of its customers, and any obligations to guarantee funds ("Proprietary Netting"); and
- B. The obligations of the Clearing House to the Clearing Member with respect to such Clearing Member's customers' futures positions, futures accounts, and futures collateral shall be netted against the obligations of the Clearing Member to the Clearing House with respect to the futures positions, futures accounts, and futures collateral of such customers ("Futures Customer Netting").

Notwithstanding the foregoing, the amount of any proprietary or customer claim extinguished as a result of applying the terminating and netting procedures set forth in this Chapter 21 will not be available for netting in Proprietary Netting and Futures Customer Netting. Proprietary Netting and Futures Customer Netting shall be performed in accordance with the Bankruptcy Code and the CEA and CFTC Regulations. This Rule shall be deemed to be a master netting agreement for Proprietary Netting and a master netting agreement for Futures Customer Netting.

All positions open immediately before being closed in accordance with this Rule shall be valued in accordance with the following procedures.

As promptly as reasonably practicable, but in any event within thirty days of the (i) Bankruptcy Event, or (ii) if a Clearing Member elects to have its open positions closed as described above, the date of the election, the Exchange shall, in a manner that is consistent with the requirements of the CEA and CFTC Regulations (including, without limitation Part 190 of the Regulations), fix a U.S. dollar amount (the "Close-out Value") to be paid to or received from the Exchange by each Clearing Member, after taking into account all applicable netting and offsetting pursuant to the provisions of this Rule.

The Exchange shall value open positions subject to close-out by using the market prices at the moment that the positions were closed-out, assuming the markets were operating normally at such moment. If the markets were not operating normally at such moment, the Exchange shall exercise its discretion, acting in good faith and in a commercially reasonable manner, in adopting methods of valuation to produce reasonably accurate substitutes for the values that would have been obtained from the market if it had been operating normally at the moment that the positions were closed-out.

In determining a Close-out Value, the Exchange may consider any information that it deems relevant. If a Clearing Member has a negative Close-out Value, it shall promptly pay that amount to the Exchange.





**CHAPTER 23**  
**BITNOMIAL EXCHANGE CLEARING RULES**

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## **CHAPTER 23 BITNOMIAL EXCHANGE CLEARING RULES**

### **23.1. SCOPE OF CHAPTER AND PRIORITY OF RULES.**

This chapter governs procedures related to the clearing, settlement, delivery, and guarantee of trades executed on Bitnomial Exchange. Specifically, MGEX provides clearing services for Bitnomial Exchange Contracts.

If not specifically covered herein, the Rules of the Exchange, and Chapter 21 in particular, shall govern. For purposes of this Chapter, all requirements, conditions, or procedures of the Exchange and the Clearing House will apply specifically to Bitnomial Exchange Contracts.

To the extent that the provisions of this Chapter conflict with any other MGEX Rules, this Chapter supersedes such Rules. MGEX Rules pertaining to the clearing of Bitnomial Exchange Contracts shall have precedence over the rules of Bitnomial Exchange unless expressly and specifically stated otherwise.

### **23.2. CLEARING MEMBERS.**

This Chapter applies to Clearing Members approved by the Exchange to submit Bitnomial Exchange Contracts to the Clearing House for clearing. Clearing privileges may be granted and retained only if a clearing firm is a Clearing Member of the Exchange and when the terms and conditions set forth in **Rule 2100.02** have been met. The Clearing House has no obligation to accept Bitnomial Exchange Contracts for clearing unless the Clearing Member complies with all MGEX requirements for becoming a Clearing Member of the Exchange and remains in Good Standing, including those requirements set forth in this Chapter. Clearing Members must have the ability to comply with the requirements set forth by Bitnomial Exchange, and both MGEX and Bitnomial Exchange must grant approval of Clearing Members allowed to clear contracts traded on Bitnomial Exchange. For the avoidance of doubt, Clearing Members will not, under any circumstances, be required to own, hold, or control Digital Assets under these Rules or Bitnomial Exchange rules (unless the Clearing Member holds positions requiring delivery in its own proprietary account), but Clearing Members are responsible for ensuring their customers are able to satisfy or satisfy their obligations regarding delivery and acceptance thereof under the applicable MGEX and Bitnomial Rules.

A Clearing Member guarantees and assumes financial responsibility for all orders it places and receives, and all contracts it clears and delivers.

#### **23.2.1. MARKET PARTICIPANT ACCESS.**

After a Clearing Member grants a Market Participant access to trade or use Bitnomial Exchange systems, such Clearing Member will be fully responsible for the actions and transactions of any and all users that are provided access to the Bitnomial Exchange match engine by such Market Participant or any other user approved by the Market Participant. Clearing Members acknowledge that an approved Market Participant will have the ability to designate its own users directly with Bitnomial Exchange without receiving separate Clearing Member approval. For the avoidance of doubt, Clearing Members guarantee and assume financial responsibility for all transactions placed and executed on Bitnomial Exchange by a Market Participant approved by the Clearing Member and all additional users authorized directly or indirectly by a Market

Participant, including unknown users.

### **23.3. MARKET PARTICIPANTS.**

All participants approved to trade on Bitnomial Exchange must establish an account with an Exchange Clearing Member (or be properly authorized by a Clearing Member approved participant), and if involved with delivery, must satisfy the delivery prerequisites set forth by Bitnomial Exchange Rule 1102(b). Market Participants seeking to make or take delivery must meet the requirements set forth by Bitnomial Exchange and applicable MGEX Rules. Bitnomial Exchange and MGEX must grant approval to any Market Participant prior to participating in the delivery process of a Futures Contract traded on Bitnomial Exchange.

### **23.4. CLEARING FEES.**

Clearing fees for Bitnomial Exchange Contracts, and the manner of payment thereof, shall be determined by the Clearing House.

### **23.5. CLEARING HOUSE PROCEDURES.**

The Clearing House may immediately adopt, modify, or cancel procedures, including but not limited to, reporting, submission times, the deadlines set forth in [Rule 23.9.](#), settlement process, settlement times, margin and variation payments means and methods, give up procedures, confirmations, closing, product listing procedures and coding, and recordkeeping. The Exchange may incorporate into its Rules, as appropriate, such clearing procedures, including those noted above determined necessary for effective clearing.

### **23.6. FUTURES – FINAL SETTLEMENT.**

Bitnomial Exchange Futures positions open as of the contract's close of business on the last trading day will be settled in accordance with Bitnomial Exchange's settlement procedures.

### **23.7. DAILY SETTLEMENTS.**

Bitnomial Exchange is solely responsible for determining and providing daily settlement values and data for all Bitnomial Exchange Contracts to the Clearing House and is responsible for the accuracy of such final settlement values and data. The Exchange shall not be liable for the settlement prices received for such contracts.

#### **23.8.1. OPTIONS – LAST TRADING DAY AND EXPIRATION.**

The last trading day will be the Friday that precedes by at least two (2) Business Days, the last Business Day of the month preceding the option month. If such Friday is not a Business Day, the last trading day shall be the preceding Business Day.

The contractual rights and obligations arising from the option contract expire on the last day of trading.

#### **23.8.2. OPTIONS – AUTOMATIC EXERCISE.**

The Exchange will automatically exercise all in-the-money options unless notice to cancel

automatic exercise is given to the Clearing House. Such options will be exercised into Futures Contracts and settled as part of the Futures process.

Notice to cancel automatic exercise shall be given to the Clearing House in accordance with the deadline set forth below on the last day of trading except that such notice must be given to the Clearing House prior to 4:30 p.m. Central Time on the expiration date:

- A. to correct errors or mistakes made in good faith;
- B. to take appropriate action as the result of unreconciled MGEX Option transactions;
- C. in exceptional cases involving a customer's inability to communicate to the Clearing Member exercise instructions or the Clearing Member's inability to receive such instructions prior to such time as determined by the Exchange on the last day of trading.

### **23.9. DEADLINES AND SUMMARY FINES.**

The schedule of deadlines is subject to change at any time by the Exchange. The Exchange has adopted the following schedule of reporting deadlines (all times shall conform to Central Time):

7:30 a.m.	Position reports
9:00 a.m.	Settlement and margin payment
11:00 a.m.	Trading directive for same day collateral pledges* Trading directive for same day collateral pledge release*
11:15 a.m.	Weekly account position updates
11:30 a.m.	Intraday variation payment
4:10 p.m.	Unmatched trade adjustments
4:15 p.m.	Last submission of trades Give-up execution
4:20 p.m.	Give-up acceptance
4:30 p.m.	Auto-Exercise Cancellation Notices Options position reports on expiration day
5:10 p.m.	Bitnomial delivery files
7:30 p.m.	Customer gross margin files

**\*Submitting a Trading directive to the Exchange does not guarantee same day transfers of a security. MGEX is not responsible for delays caused by the inaccuracy or untimely submission of information by a Clearing Member required to facilitate the transfer of securities to or from MGEX's safekeeping accounts.**

Any unresolved unmatched trades may be suspended pending possible resolution the following Business Day as an "as of" trade. "As of" trades can be carried no longer than one Business Day. All give up trades properly entered by the executing Clearing Member by four fifteen o'clock (4:15) p.m. must be accepted by the carrying Clearing Member by four twenty o'clock (4:20) p.m.

In addition to the deadlines set forth above, the Exchange has adopted delivery specific deadlines (see [Rule 23.12.4.](#)).

Any deadline or submission listed herein that is missed, late, inaccurate or incomplete, may result in a summary fine or other disciplinary action, including but not limited to, the matter being referred to the Disciplinary Committee as determined by the Exchange.

Trading session submissions must be submitted accurately and in accordance with the deadlines set forth in this Rule. All submissions received after the respective deadlines are subject to a warning letter or fine. The schedule is as follows:

1 <sup>st</sup> Offense:	Warning Letter
2 <sup>nd</sup> Offense:	\$1,000 fine
3 <sup>rd</sup> Offense:	\$2,500 fine
4 <sup>th</sup> Offense:	\$5,000 fine

The 5<sup>th</sup> offense and every subsequent offense will be referred to the Disciplinary Committee. Offenses and fines shall be based upon events occurring within a rolling twelve (12) month period. The Exchange may determine whether a warning letter or a fine is warranted based on the facts and circumstances, and may take further disciplinary action, increase the amount, or present the matter to the Disciplinary Committee.

In the event a fine is imposed, the Exchange will issue a notice of the offense and fine amount to the offending party. Any fines must be paid within thirty (30) days of issuance unless otherwise stated by the Exchange.

### **23.10. DISCIPLINARY ACTIONS.**

Notwithstanding any provision of the rules of Bitnomial Exchange, all Clearing Members are subject to the jurisdiction of the Exchange. In the event a Clearing Member violates the requirements of any rule, report, submission, deadline, or other obligation, the Exchange may impose a fine on the Clearing Member or take other disciplinary action including, but not limited to, referring the matter to the Disciplinary Committee. In addition, a Clearing Member that violates or is alleged to have violated any delivery requirement or deadline herein will be subject to the disciplinary procedures set forth in Chapter 12.

### **23.11. TRANSFER TRADES AND OFFSETS.**

Transfer trades involving contracts or positions traded on Bitnomial Exchange will be governed in accordance with the rules of Bitnomial Exchange. All transfers in physically delivered Futures Contracts must be recorded and carried on the books of the receiving Clearing Member at the original trade dates. All other contracts may be recorded and carried at either the original trade date or the transfer date.

"Transfer" trades involving the transfer of a customer's positions and related collateral from an account on the books of one Clearing Member to another Clearing Member shall not require

the close-out and re-booking of the positions prior to the requested transfer; PROVIDED, the following conditions are met: (1) The customer instructed the carrying Clearing Member to make the transfer, and (2) the receiving Clearing Member has consented to the transfer.

MGEX [Rules 718.01](#) and [718.02](#) shall govern transfer trades and offsets and the associated reporting requirements.

### **23.12.1. DELIVERY OF UNDERLYING DIGITAL ASSET – CLEARING MEMBER & MARKET PARTICIPANT DUTIES.**

Any Clearing Member carrying an account of a Market Participant that is required to make or take delivery agrees to guarantee and assume full responsibility that its customers, as Market Participants, will comply with all delivery obligations set forth in MGEX and Bitnomial Exchange Rules including Rules requiring that Digital Assets be delivered by Market Participants during the Delivery Period in accordance with the Bitnomial Exchange delivery rules. For purposes of these Rules, the “Delivery Period” means the period beginning two Business Days before the last trading day and ending on the delivery day. Clearing Members must file all required forms and reports by the deadlines established by MGEX, including but not limited to final open positions and delivery reports.

Clearing Members are responsible for ensuring that their customers, as Market Participants, that have an obligation or desire to make delivery have the operational ability to, and ultimately satisfy, their full delivery obligation and that such customers have made deliverable Digital Assets available to deliver with the Settlement Facility by 9:30 a.m. on the last trading day in accordance with all applicable Rules. Should a customer fail to deliver Digital Assets in accordance with applicable requirements and the Clearing Member of such customer financially satisfies such obligation, the opposite customer who failed to receive the Digital Assets may still file an arbitration claim against the non-performing customer and/or such customer’s Clearing Member in accordance with Bitnomial Exchange Rules.

In the event a Clearing Member fails to perform its delivery obligations to the Clearing House, MGEX may deem such failure a default pursuant to this Rule and take any of the actions against the Clearing Member authorized in this or other MGEX Rules. For the avoidance of doubt, Clearing Members will not, under any circumstances, be required to own, hold, or control Digital Assets under these Rules or Bitnomial Exchange rules (unless the Clearing Member holds positions requiring delivery in its own proprietary account), but Clearing Members are responsible for ensuring their customers, as Market Participants, are able to satisfy or satisfy their obligations regarding delivery and acceptance thereof under the applicable MGEX and Bitnomial Rules.

In a Clearing Member default that involves a delivery failure, the Clearing House will ensure the financial performance to the Clearing Member whose actions or omissions did not cause or contribute to the delivery failure (the “Affected Clearing Member”). The Clearing House powers will include, but are not limited to, the right to sell or liquidate the Digital Asset subject to delivery and to distribute the proceeds as appropriate and access the funds and collateral available in a default in accordance with [Rule 2109.03](#). For purposes of this Rule, “financial performance” means payment of commercially reasonable costs of the Affected Clearing Member related to replacing the failed delivery but does not include physical performance or legal fees. For the avoidance of doubt, payment of reasonable costs will be based on the price of the Digital Asset when delivery should have been made, and the Clearing House is not obligated to make or accept delivery of the actual Digital Asset.

An Affected Clearing Member seeking financial performance must provide prompt notice to the Clearing House and to Bitnomial Exchange of the delivery failure and a good faith estimate of any financial performance being sought within one (1) hour of the delivery deadline set forth in [Rule 23.12.4](#). for the product. This deadline may be extended by the Exchange for extenuating circumstances in its sole discretion. An Affected Clearing Member seeking financial performance must provide the Clearing House with a detailed statement with supporting documentation of the amount sought, as well as any other documentation requested by the Clearing House.

MGEX shall not, under any circumstances, be responsible or liable for any losses, damages, or other costs arising out of a failure, malfunction, error, omission, delay, suspension, inaccuracy, or other event related in any way to the storing, transfer, delivery transfer, or movement of Digital Assets in association with Bitnomial Exchange Contracts.

### **23.12.2. ACCOUNTS ELIGIBLE FOR DELIVERY.**

Only accounts approved for delivery shall be eligible for delivery and allowed to maintain open positions during the delivery month of an expiring Bitnomial Exchange Contract.

Any positions held in an account not approved for delivery must be liquidated by the first business day of the delivery month by an MGEX Clearing Member. The Clearing House or Bitnomial Exchange will not be liable for any loss associated with such liquidation. In addition, a Clearing Member that is carrying any position not held in an account approved for delivery at any time during the delivery month will be subject to Exchange disciplinary action, including, but not limited to, fines or referring the matter to the Disciplinary Committee.

### **23.12.3. DELIVERABLE INSTRUMENTS.**

To qualify as a Digital Asset eligible for contract delivery, the Digital Asset must meet the requirements of Bitnomial Exchange Rule 1103(c) and product descriptions.

### **23.12.4. DELIVERY PROCEDURES AND REPORTING.**

Unless stated otherwise, the Clearing House will electronically issue notices and reports to relevant Clearing Members.

Delivery of a Bitnomial Exchange Contract is based upon open positions after contract expiration. The delivery process, as set forth below, consists of the following requirements and deadlines (all references to days are Business Days and times are noted in Central time):

<b>T-5</b>	<b>5 Days Prior to Last Trading Day</b>		All end of day positions (long and short) must be margined at full notional value in USD with the MGEX Clearing House.
		<b>5:10 p.m.</b>	Clearing Members file Bitnomial delivery files and all other requested information at the end of each day with the Clearing House.



<b>T-2</b>	<b>2 Days Prior to Last Trading Day (start of Delivery Period)</b>	<b>5:00 p.m.</b>	Settlement Facility opens to delivering Market Participants.
<b>T</b>	<b>Last Trading Day of Contract</b>	<b>9:30 a.m.</b>	Clearing Members are responsible for ensuring all Market Participants making delivery deliver underlying asset through Settlement Facility.
		<b>5:10 p.m.</b>	Clearing Members file Bitnomial delivery files with the Clearing House, which will serve as a binding Delivery Notice to MGEX.
		<b>8:45 p.m.</b>	Clearing House issues final Delivery Report and corresponding payment information.
<b>T+1</b>	<b>Delivery Day</b>	<b>11:30 a.m.</b>	All payments for delivery are due to the delivering Clearing Member.
		<b>12:30 p.m.</b>	Clearing Member notification to Bitnomial Exchange and Clearing House regarding receipt of final payment is due.
		<b>By 7:00 p.m.</b>	Delivery process and movement of corresponding Digital Assets is completed.
<b>T+2</b>	<b>Release of Margin</b>	<b>By 9:00 a.m.</b>	Provided that notification of delivery has been received by the applicable Delivery Day deadlines, MGEX will release margins.

Any discrepancies or material reporting errors may result in MGEX disciplinary action.

### **23.13. MANAGEMENT OF DEFAULT AND LOSSES.**

Should MGEX bear a Loss resulting from the Default of a Clearing Member or from the failure or insolvency of a settlement or depository bank that precipitates a Clearing Member Default, the procedures set forth in Chapter 21 of the Exchange Rules shall govern.

### **23.14. FORCE MAJEURE.**

Notwithstanding any other Rule or provision, the Exchange and Clearing House will not be obligated to perform its obligations under the Rules, or to compensate any Clearing Member for losses occasioned by any delay or failure of performance, to the extent such delay or failure is the result of a condition or event constituting Force Majeure, including but not limited to acts of God, fire or other natural disasters, acts of terrorism, war, or severely inclement weather. In such event, the Exchange will give notice to affected Clearing Members as soon as reasonably

practicable and will attempt to remediate the condition.

### **23.15. PHYSICAL EMERGENCIES.**

If the Bitnomial Exchange trading platform, the Settlement Facility, or the Clearing House experience a full or partial disruption or breakdown in any area, the Exchange may, without prior notice, immediately modify or suspend clearing operations and procedures involving Bitnomial Exchange Contracts until the problem has been resolved.

### **23.16. LIMITATION OF LIABILITY.**

Neither the Exchange, the Board of Directors, its committees, nor any of its officers, directors, or employees, shall be liable for any losses, damages, or costs, including direct, indirect, special, incidental or consequential damages, and lost profits, regardless of whether any of them had been advised or otherwise made aware of the possibility of such damages, arising out of the services provided by the Exchange as it pertains to the clearing of Bitnomial Exchange Contracts or as it pertains to the use or performance of the Bitnomial Exchange platform or Settlement Facility or any component(s) thereof; any fault, failure, malfunction, or other alleged defect in any such contract or platform; or any error, omission, delay, suspension, or inaccuracy made by Bitnomial Exchange. The Exchange shall not be liable for any damages or losses caused in whole or in part by the malfunction, unexpected function, or unintended function of the Settlement Facility or any attacks or cybersecurity breach, fraud or other illegal activity directed at the Settlement Facility. The Clearing House shall not be liable for any connectivity or communication fault, delay, or breakdown, including but not limited to, any failure to delay in transmission, disruption of common carrier lines, loss of power, acts or failures to act of any third party, natural disasters, or any and all other causes. The Exchange does not guarantee continuous, uninterrupted, or secure access to the Clearing House.

Each Market Participant assumes all risks of trading on the Bitnomial Exchange platform and use of the Settlement Facility and waives any right to assert any claim against the Exchange that access or information was not provided by the Exchange or that access or information provided by the Exchange was improper, inaccurate, or inadequate. Further, such Market Participant will not use the Exchange to contest the validity or enforceability of any trade executed on the Bitnomial Exchange platform.

Neither the Exchange, the Board of Directors, its committees, nor any of its officers, directors, or employees make any express or implied warranties or representations relating to the Bitnomial Exchange platform, including but not limited to, warranties of merchantability and warranties of fitness for a particular purpose or use.

Notwithstanding any other provision of the Exchange Rules, in no event will any Person bring any legal action, regardless of whether liability is based on breach of contract, tort, restitution, breach of statutory duty, breach of warranty or otherwise, and regardless of whether the claim is brought directly or as a third-party claim for indirect, special, incidental, consequential, or punitive damages of any kind, however suffered or incurred, and regardless of whether the party from whom such damages would be sought has been advised of the possibility of such damages or whether such damages otherwise could have been foreseen or prevented.